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Internal Revenue Taxes.

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE 8TH DIST. TENN.,
MEMPHIS, June 3, 1868.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Annual List of Taxes on Income Business or Professions, Carriages, Watches, etc., etc., for this District has been returned to me by the Assessor, and all persons are notified that said Taxes are now due and payable.

Payments in this city and county must be made before the 1st day of July, at my office, or additional costs and penalties will accrue.

BOLIVER SAUNDERS, Collector.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, June 26.—Payne introduced a bill providing for the issue of arms for the use of militia, which was referred.

Schofield offered a resolution directing the Clerk of the House to present to the Secretary of State the act admitting North Carolina, South Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia, Alabama and Florida, which was adopted.

Hinds, of Arkansas, introduced a joint resolution to extend the provisions of the act of July 4th, 1866, limiting the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims to the loyal citizens of Arkansas. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

The Senate's joint resolution donating captured ordnance for a monument to Gen. Sedgewick was passed.

Bolles, of Arkansas, introduced a bill for the relief of honorably discharged soldiers. Referred.

The House then went into a Committee of the Whole on the tax bill.

All the amendments to the tax bill were agreed to, and the bill was reported to the House.

Butler, of Tennessee, had the oath administered to him.

SENATE.

The chair submitted a communication from Gen. Grant transmitting the papers in relation to the election in Arkansas, which was laid on the table.

Also the report of the commissioners appointed for the revision and consolidation of the statute laws of the United States, inclosing specimens of their papers. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Conness offered an amendment to the bill concerning the rights of American citizens abroad, with which the third section will read:

And be it further enacted, etc, That whenever it shall be duly made known to the President that any citizen of the United States has been arrested and is detained by any foreign government in contravention of the intent and purpose of this act, or upon the allegation that naturalization in the United States does not operate to dissolve his allegiance to his native sovereign. Or if any citizen shall be arrested and be detained, whose release upon demand shall have been unreasonably delayed or refused, it shall be the duty of the President forthwith to report to Congress, if in session, all the circumstances of such arrest and detention and any proceedings for the release of the citizen so arrested and detained, that Congress may take prompt action to secure to every such citizen of the United States his just rights. But if Congress be not in session, then the President shall be, and is hereby empowered, to suspend in part or whole the commercial relations with said Government, or in case no other remedy is available, to order the arrest and detention, and detain in custody, any citizen of such Government, who may be found within the jurisdiction of the United States, and who has not declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States, except Ambassadors and other public Ministers and their domestics and servants, and the President shall, without delay, give information to Congress of any proceedings under this act.

The Legislative appropriation bill being the order of the day, it was then taken up.

The appropriation bill, after some discussion, passed.

SENATE.

Yates called up the bill to admit Colorado into the Union.

The question was on the amendment by the Committee on Territories providing for a general election of legislators and State officers within sixty days after the passage of the act, and said Legislature is to meet and within thirty days after the election, and imposing as the fundamental condition for its admission that said Legislature shall ratify the 14th amendment to the Constitution, otherwise this act shall be null and void.

This was amended by inserting a proviso dissolving the Legislature if it chooses against admission under these conditions.

And also by allowing the Legislature to proceed to elect United States Senators in case it decides in favor of admission.

Conkling offered an amendment requiring the question of ratification to be submitted to the people at the election authorized by the bill.

This was opposed by Yates, Howard, Tipton, Nye and others as unnecessary, and sustained by the mover and Morton.

Davis spoke against the bill, and Harlan and Cragin in its favor, but without action on the bill or the amendments, the Senate went into executive session, and after a protracted session, adjourned.

HOUSE.

The Speaker presented a report of the Paymaster-General, as to the payment of the additional bounties since the 1st of July.

Julian introduced a joint resolution, providing that in any treaty hereafter concluded with the Indian tribes, by which the title of such tribe to its lands shall be divested, the lands shall be conveyed direct to the United States, to be disposed of thereafter subject to the action of Congress, in the same manner as the public lands. Passed.

The Speaker then proceeded to call the Committee on Claims for reports of a private nature.

A large number of private bills were passed.

Brooks introduced a bill to amend the act of March 31, 1868, to exempt certain manufactures from the internal revenue tax, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Banks gave notice that he would ask the House on next Tuesday to consider the bill appropriating money for the purchase of Alaska.

Spaulding gave notice that he would ask for immediate action on the river and harbor appropriation bill, in order that it might be disposed of.

On the motion of Washburne, of Illinois, the Senate's amendments to the Legislative appropriation bill were referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Washburne also gave notice that he would early next week report the deficiency bill, and ask leave to make it the special order for Wednesday next.

Poland gave notice that he would on Monday ask for action on the Missouri contested election case of Switzler against Anderson.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the River and Harbor appropriation bill, the question being on the motion of Delano to recommit the bill to the Committee on Commerce, with instructions to report back a bill making the necessary appropriations. It appropriates $1,300,000 for the improvement of rivers. The House, however, without action on the bill, adjourned.

THE Cincinnati *Chronicle*, as a matter of news, says:

The President's organ urges the necessity of removing Secretary McCulloch.

And pray which is "the President's organ?" Is the *National Intelligencer* referred to? It has been customary for organs to consult the wishes of those they represent, before grinding. It is not probable that the President agrees with the *Intelligencer*, and yet protects McCulloch in office. It is said it was the President's wish that the article of unsurpassed severity should be suppressed, and yet it was not. Does that look much like being his organ?

—A new English jockey, named Newhouse, is fourteen years old, and weighs forty-four pounds.

CONDENSED DECISIONS OF THE SUPREME COURT.

Brownsville, June Term, 1868.

BY H. CLAY KING, ESQ.

No. 31.—Union Bank vs. Haskins.

FACTS.—This was an action by the Union Bank as indorser and holder of a promissory note against Haskins as indorser.

Special plea of *non est factum*, to the effect that defendant indorsed the note for the accommodation of one Neely, whose name was in the note as payer, when defendant signed his name as indorser, and that without his knowledge or consent the name of Neely was erased, and the name of one Crisp inserted without his knowledge or sanction. The face of the note showed the erasion of the name of Neely and the insertion of that of Bills, the name of Bills was in different ink from the body of the note, and the name of Haskins. There was no other proof in regard thereto.

Held: 1. As a general rule, on a special plea of *non est factum*, the burden of the proof is on the defendant to establish the truth of the facts, which constitute the matter of the plea.

2. The alteration of the note by striking out the name of the payer and inserting another is a material alteration, and if made after the indorsement by the defendant the note is avoided, so far as Haskins is concerned, and the plaintiff cannot recover on it; although he is a *bona fide* holder for value, and took it in the due course of trade, and it makes no difference whether Haskins indorsed it for accommodation or for value.

3. It was proper for the jury to inspect the note, and upon the evidence shown upon the face of the paper to pass upon the issue raised by the plea. There being no presumption of law either way under the circumstances of this case. (4 Sneed, 55.)

No. 32.—Wickham vs. State.

Wickham was indicted, and tried in the Shelby Circuit Court for an assault with intent to commit murder. He was acquitted of the crime charged, but convicted of an aggravated assault and battery by a jury who assessed his punishment in a fine of $500 and imprisonment in the county jail for twelve months, upon which verdict the court rendered judgment.

The indictment failed to show that the offense was committed outside the 5th, 13th and 14th Civil Districts of Shelby county, and the record failed to show that the *venore facias* was returned into court.

The record does not show any proof that the offense was committed in Shelby county, outside 5th, 13th and 14th Civil Districts, but there is no bill of exceptions taken in the cause showing what the proof was on the trial.

Held: 1st. It is better that the indictment should show that the offense was committed within its jurisdiction, but that by code 5125, that is not necessary if the proof shows the offense was committed within the jurisdiction.

2d. The defendant not having chosen to set out the proof by bill of exceptions, this Court will presume that the proof was sufficient to justify the verdict and support the indictment. Melton vs. the State, 3 Hume, 89.

3d. The defendant having been convicted only of misdemeanor (how it would be if he had been convicted of the felony it is not necessary now to inquire), and the defendant having failed to show that there was no proof to support the jurisdiction, he cannot be permitted to link that supposed defect with the other defect in the return of the *venore facias* to bring the case within the rule of Davidson vs. State, 2 Cold., 184.

A Great General and Why.

The tests of greatness, set up by the present Radical party, will scarcely be accepted by the enlightened nations of the old world who take time to think. For instance the claim that Grant is a great General because he commanded large armies, and lost more men in every battle in which he engaged than the enemy brought against him, will scarcely be conceded anywhere outside of the Radical party. And the capture of Lee's seventeen thousand men, not by fighting but by starving them out, at a cost of one hundred and nineteen thousand lives, is not an achievement Bismarck would rest his reputation upon; nor was Belmont, where the "Great Captain" was seen to make remarkably good time to get out of the way of rebel bullets, such an exploit as Wellington would have pointed to with pride and satisfaction.

Officers high in command are not expected to jeopardize their valuable lives, however, and for that reason Grant had a perfect right to get out of the way at Belmont.

The proof that Grant is a "brave man" doesn't rest on this single instance, where it was clear that he ran away that "he might live to fight another day;" but in the further and more conclusive fact that he generally placed his men in positions where the rebels could mow them down by platoons and companies without incurring any risk on their part, whatever. It is not to be presumed that he ordered his men into any danger he was unwilling to face himself, and, accepting this as true, and comparing his loss of 119,000 men with his adversaries' loss of 17,000, the conclusion is irresistible that his personal jeopardy was tremendous!

But didn't he escape well? On the other side, officers of equal rank were shot down and killed among their men. Leonidas Polk, Albert Sidney Johnston, and Stonewall Jackson, fell in the very storm of battle; but Grant never lost a finger, or even a patch of hide as large as a button! Wonderful, wasn't it? So, it is seen, he is not only a great, but, personally, a very lucky General.

Really, according to the Radical standard, the most illustrious Warrior of the world is ours—and if the critics of the old world refuse to accept the standard, they're blockheads, and that's the short of it.—*Cairo Democrat.*

A Daring and Infamous Act.

The telegraph announces the fact that Sam McKee was yesterday admitted as the representative of the Ninth District in the face of the large majority by which he was rejected by the people, and in the face of the adverse report of a Radical committee by whom his claims were rejected in March last. Bad as the character of the Congressional majority is, and frequent as the hints of what was coming have been, there is in this act something so utterly corrupt and so defiantly wicked that the whole country will be startled at its accomplishment. In the boldness with which it welcomes all the odium of injustice and all the disgrace of crime it stands without a parallel in the history of legislative bodies. Certainly no deed so lawless and tyrannical was ever done by men claiming to be the representatives of the people in legislating for a government republican in form. The worst usurper that can ever rise up to curse this country may now find abundant precedents in the acts of the Radical party for enforcing his own despotic will as the mandate of law and the wish of the people. Whether the American people retain enough of their forefather's pluck to rebuke this crime against their rights, as "the King's subjects" rebuke the Parliament for its action in the Middlesex election case, remains to be seen. We cannot doubt them when even Thad Stevens, Banks and other Radicals were so disgusted by the shameful knavery that all the bonds of party discipline could not commit them to the vile measure. [*Louisville Courier.*

—Henry A. Wise is preparing Recollections of his own life, to be published in Boston.

—The fashion of umbrellas used by gentlemen against the sun is greatly coming into vogue in Paris.

A SAD STORY.

Woman's Filial Love—Another Victim to a Cruel and Unnecessary War.

BY H. CLAY KING, ESQ.

From the St. Louis Republican.]

There is a beautiful daughter of the South now in this city, whose sensibilities we would not wound by giving publicity to her name. Every calamity that war may beget has befallen her family, kindred, fortune and home. The residence in which she dwelt from childhood was in the path of a destroying army that swept wide districts with unsparing desolation. Every species of property was destroyed, and she and an only brother beggared, and fated to encounter even greater calamities, wandered among strangers. The mother, a weaker woman than the daughter, accustomed to ease, flattery and every pleasure that wealth could buy, yielded never criminally, to the flattery of an army officer and overstepped rules of decorum prescribed by the social habits of the South. The father wreaked terrible vengeance upon him who destroyed the delights of his poverty-stricken home, and while the people approved the deed, there was bitterness insufferable in the cup of grief pressed to the lips of the faultless daughter. The brother bore accumulated misfortunes unsustained by that divine faith which never fails to give consolation and strength. His sorrows made him insane, and in moody madness he dragged out a miserable existence. Life at length became insufferable, and in an evil hour, he put a period to his own existence. The sister lived to soothe a father's sorrows and lighten anguish that almost dethroned his reason. She was divinely inspired. Her soft, sweet voice never lost its tenderness, and its very tones were silvery with hope that beamed from her lustrous eyes. She was a divinity, to guard him in the midst of adversities—

Bright as that chief foe transcendant vision,
When heart meets heart in dreams Elysian,
Sweet as the memory of buried love,
Pure as the prayer that childhood wafts above.

Time sped. The father's grief became a fixed melancholy, and the church his resource. The daughter, who reached this city a few days since from a Southern city, has sought repose in the bosom of the holy Catholic church. During the week she will assume vows of a sisterhood famed the world over for those charities which this daughter of the South has learned so well how to practice within the precincts of her own unfortunate houshold. We are induced to write this simple recital of her misfortunes that a sad chapter of personal history—an episode in that mighty volume of human woes to which war gave origin—might find a place in the memories of men and be conned over by the good and brave and true women of the land.

Longfellow in England.

The London correspondent of the Boston *Daily Advertiser* gives the following account of Mr. Longfellow's popularity in England:

A paragraph speaking of the visit of the poet to England has made as much sensation here as the promise of a visit from Mr. Dickens produced in America. The popularity of the author of Evangeline is unbounded. It is literally true that a volume of his poems is found in nearly every English home. There is no one other work so certain to be encountered. If you go into the drawing room of one of the middle classes in any of the towns, a volume of Longfellow's poems is on the center table, or on one of the knick-knacks which are ornamented with literature. When I was at a public school, thirty boys had each a copy of Longfellow. In the country cities, passionate lovers search his poems for tender lines wherewith to touch the heart. No young lady's collection of piano-forte music is complete without "Excelsior." An excellent bass singer (Mr. Weiss) died the other day, whose reputation was chiefly made by his mode of singing "The Village Blacksmith," which he had himself set to music. There is no living English poet who has half the circle of readers in England that Mr. Longfellow possesses. As I write I can call to mind editions of his works in all the shapes and forms of which English publication admits. I have seen him heavy in gold, and beautiful in the best of engravings. In this form he is an annual. I know him in green, in blue, in Russia, in cloth, in paper covers. He is gilt-edged, marble-edged and plain. I have read him in types so large that Methusalem would not have wanted spectacles in deciphering him, and I have looked with curiosity at pages where anything less than a microscope would have been of little service. Every farmer's wife has a Longfellow, if she has only a dozen books in her case. At the fairs in the villages Longfellow lies in some form or other on the stalls. He is turned into Latin and into Greek. He is quoted in sermons and in lectures. The liking for Mr. Longfellow's poems in England has something in it of a personal issue. The pathos of much of his writing has made the people think of him with affection. When they speak of him, their faces soften. Criticism upon him seems to them brutal.

A Great Curiosity.

The editor of the Griffin *Star*, after paying a visit to Upson county, gives the following account of a natural curiosity of Georgia:

The first grand point of interest was the famous Thundering Spring, located in the northern part of the county, about twelve miles from Thomaston. We expected to find quite a curiosity, but were completely amazed to find so remarkable a freak of mother nature as this spring. It is located in the wildest part of the mountains extending through the county, and there in the solitude of the wilderness, presents the most remarkable phenomenon. The dimensions of the spring proper are about five feet in diameter, and of an unknown depth, for experimenters have repeatedly sounded its depth in vain, and no bottom can be reached. The water boils up with great force; bubbles of gas constantly rise up through the water, and explode at the surface. This gas is highly combustible, and is frequently set on fire as it makes its escape. Such is the force with which the water rises that a human body cannot sink, but it is buoyed up in a standing position. It is a famous bathing place, and we took the first opportunity to plunge into this bottomless well. There we could stand upright for hours, with nothing to support us but water. The earth around the spring is a beautiful white sand, of very fine grain, giving way readily at the touch of the foot, but immediately reforming as before. The walls of the well are perfectly symmetrical, as if dug by the hands of man, as low down as we could reach with our feet we could feel a hole in the wall, and as soon as the foot was removed the wall would immediately reform as before. The temperature is delightful, and the waters are invaluable, especially for diseases of the skin and blood. The spring constantly makes a low rumbling noise, from which it derives its name.

—In Siberia the gold fields are free to all. But when gold is found it must be reported to a Russian official, who apportions about four square miles to the finder, and allows him to dig all he will, on condition that the gold is all brought to the mint, to be coined, and fifteen per cent. is paid the Government for expenses.

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June 9, 1868. Je9

DR. JAMES,

FORMERLY OF JAMES' LOCK HOSPITAL, Custom House street, New Orleans, (established 1850), for the last seven years located in Chicago, and celebrated throughout the country in the successful treatment of PRIVATE DISEASES, can be confidentially consulted at his office and parlors, 91 and 93 Randolph street, corner of Dearborn street, or by letter Postoffice Drawer 5863.

Dr. JAMES treats CHRONIC MERCURIAL SYPHILITIC BLOOD and SKIN DISEASES, and all DISORDERS of a CONTAGIOUS NATURE—which he cures without the use of mercury, iodide potassii, arsenic or any poison, but with his NEUTRALIZER, a positive cure for all humors and blood poisons.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS such as SEMINAL WEAKNESS, NOCTURNAL and DIURNAL EMISSIONS, brought on by abuse of the organs, early indiscretions, excesses, or entailed hereditarily, causing loss of memory, confusion, depression, dimness of vision and oftentimes insanity, with a depressing train of other symptoms, treated and radically cured by an infallible method, saving time and expense. All diseases peculiar to the sexual organs of a private character, radically and permanently cured.

Old diseases of the most horrible class, where the blood has become poisoned, producing blotches on the face, small watery blisters, pains in the head and bones, ulcerated throat and nose, sores on the limbs and body, scrofula, together with an endless number of sufferings—effectually and permanently cured.

DR. JAMES is recommended by the press of the country, by professors of medical colleges, and by the medical profession generally. Those afflicted should apply to him, and be cured at once.

THE MONITOR, by Dr. James, a treatise upon diseases peculiar to the sexual organs of either sex, causes effects and their remedies, compiled from an experience of twenty years' practice in the exclusive treatment of these diseases, sent to any address, securely wrapped. Price one dollar. Pamphlet on SPERMATORRHŒA, or one on SYPHILIS, sent in sealed envelope upon receipt of postage—two red stamps. Address Dr. JAMES, Postoffice drawer 5863, Chicago, Illinois. apl7 tf

Trust Sale.

PURSUANT to the provisions of a Deed of Trust executed to me as Trustee on the 1st day of February, 1867, by Jos. W. Alley, which has been duly registered in the Register's office of Shelby county, Tenn., in book No. 69, pages 581 and 582, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain notes described in said deed, I will,

On the 29th Day of July, 1868,

Between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, at the courthouse door, on Union street, below Second street, in the city of Memphis, the following described real estate, conveyed by said deed, to-wit: Situated in the city of Memphis, beginning at the southwest corner of Shelby and Pontotoc streets; thence with the west side of Shelby street twenty-five feet south; thence parallel with Pontotoc street westward one hundred feet to the east side of Clinton street; thence northward with the east line of Clinton street twenty-six feet to the south line of Pontotoc street; thence eastward with the south line of Pontotoc street two hundred feet to the beginning; being part of the lot conveyed to said Jos W. Alley by F. Lane on the 10th day of May, 1866.

The title is believed to be perfect, but I will convey only such as is vested in me as Trustee. The equity of redemption is waived.

je27 td F. W. ROYSTER, Trustee.

Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE undersigned heretofore trading under the name of LEHMAN & CO., Memphis, Tenn., and LEHMAN & JOHNSON, Holly Springs, Miss., give notice that said firms and partnerships are this day dissolved by mutual consent.

CYRUS JOHNSON,
J. C. JOHNSON,
E. W. LEHMAN.

Memphis, June 15, 1868. je16 6t

GROCERIES.

E. W. BROOKS, J. C. NEELY, S. H. BROOKS
BROOKS, NEELY & CO.,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS
—AND—
PROVISION DEALERS,
No. 276 Front Street,
Bet. Court and adison.
je2 3m

C. W. STURDIVANT. J. A. NEVILS. F. G. LAWHORN
C. W. STURDIVANT & CO.,
GROCERY
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
No. 182 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, : : : : : TENNESSEE.
je4 3m

E. A. MOON. C. T. GEOGHEGAN
MOON & GEOGHEGAN,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Produce & Commission Merchants,
No. 252 Front Street,
COMMERCIAL BLOCK, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Liberal cash advances on all consignments of Cotton and Produce. Plantation supplies of all descriptions, at lowest prices. Commission for selling Cotton as heretofore, $1 per bale. feb2

SEEDS.

R. G. CRAIG & CO.,
SEEDSMEN,
379 Main St., Memphis, Tenn.

JUST RECEIVED,
HUNGARIAN GRASS SEED—At Craig's Seed Store
SEED BUCKWHEAT—At Craig's Seed Store.
SPICE TREES—At Craig's Seed Store.
GRAIN CRADLES AND GRAIN SCYTHES—At Craig's Seed Store.
GEDDIES' HARROWS & KNOX HORSE HOE, At Craig's Seed Store.
LIME, PLASTER AND CEMENT—At Craig's Seed Store.
SUPERPHOSPHATE & LAND PLASTER—At CRAIG'S SEED STORE,
ap19 daw 379 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.

APPEAL
BOOK AND
JOB OFFICE,
No. 13
JEFFERSON STREET.

WE DESIRE TO CALL THE ATTENTION of our friends to the fact that we have, in connection with the APPEAL newspaper, an extensive and complete

JOB OFFICE,

And are prepared to execute all kinds of Job Work in a manner unsurpassed by any Job Office in the South.

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
WEDDING CARDS and
FANCY COLORED CARDS,

In every variety, and at prices THE LOWEST.

BILL HEADS

On any quality of paper—prices accordingly.

CHECKS,
DRAFTS,
BILLS LADING,
DRAY TICKETS,
SHIPPING TAGS,
DRUG LABELS,

And every variety of Mercantile Printing.

BOOK PRINTING

Our office is well stocked with Book Type, of various styles, and our facilities for executing

CONSTITUTIONS,
BY-LAWS,
CATALOGUES,
BRIEFS
—AND—
PAMPHLETS OF ALL KINDS,

Are complete in every particular.

RAILROAD AND STEAMBOAT
PRINTING.

Railroad Officers, and Steamboat Agents in want of

FINE PRINTING

Are requested to give us a trial, and we will guarantee satisfaction.

INSURANCE PRINTING.

We are also prepared to execute ALL KINDS of printing for Insurance Agents in a superior style.

In fact we are able to execute everything in the Printing Line, in a style and at prices entirely satisfactory to our customers, and hope that the public may extend to us a liberal share of their patronage. jan26

Importance of Hair as an Ornament.

WITHOUT A FINE HEAD OF HAIR NO woman can be really beautiful. Without this crowning excellence of beautiful hair, no lady can obtain without buying it at MADAME LAVIGNE. Call and see for yourselves, for artistic styles and elegance, at 269 1-2 Main street, up-stairs, opposite Court Square.

N. B. Wigs, Chignons, etc., Hair Cutting, in any style, done by the professor.
ap28 3m F. LAVIGNE.

INSURANCE.

THE MISSISSIPPI VALLEY
FIRE AND MARINE
INSURANCE COMPANY
OF MEMPHIS.

CAPITAL, : : : : : $300,000

OFFICE—FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

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J. R. STEBBINS.....Secretary.

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NAPOLEON HILL,	S. M. GATES,
C. F. SMITH,	C. C. PARDEE,
B. LOWENSTEIN,	THOMAS FISHER,
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B. EISEMAN,	W. W. SCHOLFIELD,
T. F. MACKALL,	THOMAS R. SMITH,
R. C. GIST.	A. SESSEL.

je4

Southern
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
17 Madison Street, Memphis.

INSURES LIVES AND ADJUSTS AND PAYS losses promptly. Its principal business is with Southern States, and to them it appeals for patronage. It has ample means to fully protect policy-holders and pay all losses.

Net Assets, February 1, 1868...$236,917 94

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

S. H. De BeVoise,	F. M. White,
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HERNANDO
INSURANCE COMPANY,
No. 17 Madison Street.

THIS Company is now doing a General Insurance Business. Its stock is owned by our city merchants and business men. Its aim is to do a safe local business—to the advantage of both the Company and the Policy Holder.

S. B. WILLIAMSON, : : : President.
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MEMPHIS APPEAL.

ALBERT PIKE & CO.

Vera Atque Honesta Dicere.

For President of the United States,

ANDREW JOHNSON,

OF TENNESSEE.

Subject only to the decision of the National Democratic Conservative Convention.]

PLATFORM OF THE TENNESSEE DEMOCRACY.

1st. The Conservative men of Tennessee, putting aside all questions decided by the war, accept the title of 'Democrats,' and formally unite themselves with the Democratic party as it now exists.

2d. The question of the right of a State to secede from the Union has been decided by arms, and that decision should be accepted as final and conclusive.

3d. Nevertheless, while the Constitution makes the Federal Government supreme, it is so only with well defined limitations and restrictions, leaving the States large rights and powers over their domestic concerns, and making them coequal in respect of such rights; and these rights have not been impared by the result of the war, or the powers of the General Government aggrandized by it, to the endangerment of public liberty.

4th. The extinguishment of African Slavery is recognized as a fact, ratified by a binding Constitutional Amendment.

5th. The investiture of negroes with the right of suffrage, by the Congress of the United States, and the disfranchisement of white men, by the same authority, is a gross usurpation of power, and a policy unjust, unwise and oppressive, and tending to excite a war of races: the white men of America are entitled to superiority and supremacy in the administration of the Federal and State governments; and any measure intended to deprive them of it, or to divide or impair it, greatly endangers the perpetuity of free republican institutions.

6th. The faith of the nation is pledged to the payment of the national debt, according to the terms of the laws under which the bonds were issued, and not otherwise. The time of payment of the bonds ought not to be extended; the principal of the five-twenty bonds ought to be paid in currency, and the money granted to the National banks to be withdrawn.

7th. The Government bonds should be taxed in the hands of the bondholders, equally with other property.

8th. The doctrines and practices of the Radical party, which endeavors, by encroaching upon the powers of the Executive and Judicial branches of the Government, to absorb in the Legislative Department all powers, tend to the destruction of the Republican system of Government and the civil liberties of the people.

9th. Equal and exact justice to all men, of whatever State or persuasion, religious or political; peace, commerce and honest friendship with all nations; entangling alliances with none; the support of the State Governments in all their rights, as the most competent administration of our domestic concerns and the surest bulwark against anti-Republican tendencies; the preservation of the General Government in its whole constitutional vigor, as the sheet anchor of peace at home and safety abroad; a jealous care of the rights of election by the people and the supremacy of the civil over the military authority.

10th. Andrew Johnson the first choice of the Democracy of Tennessee; but their Delegates left free to unite in selecting another as the candidate for the Presidency.

THE CONSUMMATION OF ONE VILLAINY.

[*One sheet of the copy of the following article, published on Friday last, was not sent to the compositors, and the sense of the article was thus, by the editor's fault, destroyed. It is therefore now published complete, as written.*]

The London *Chronicle* once said, "ministers derive this advantage from the very extent of their dishonesty, that people become at length tired of dwelling on what is notorious and undeniable."

It was profoundly true. We wonder at the shameless impudence with which a stump-tailed Congress of Radicals violates the plainest provisions of the Constitution and daily commits the rankest perjury. The super-eminent and unapproachable disregard for truth, honor and decency of a Butler whom his State delights to honor in proportion to his unworthiness, is looked upon by us with the same kind of dull wonder with which we inspect some monster that a freak of nature has produced, to the end that there may be in the animal world something to typify such moral monsters as Butler and Stevens—two leprous souls, if indeed they *are* souls, and not merely exhalations and puffs of mephitic vapor from the infernal pit.

We, bred to profoundly reverence the law, and, like Montaigne, holding an impudently vicious argument and shamelessly false proposition to be a greater insult and provocation than a blow, are amazed to see a Boutwell and a Bingham, claiming to belong to the profession of which Erskine and Curran once were ornaments, in the days when it was not prostituted to the basest uses, reproducing before the American Senate the frothy ravings of the French revolutionists against the most sacred principles of the law which all civilized men acknowledge as the cohesive attraction that binds society together.

We, remembering that the Romans were capable of generosity towards those who had rebelled against their lawful power, and that they honored those who had rebelled, in proportion to their heroism and endurance, and by these measured their own glory, and did not basely hate those whose resistance and bravery had made the armies of Rome illustrious,—we are amazed to see a people of so singularly sordid, base and grovelling a nature, that they find it a luxury to persecute and outrage and degrade those brave men whom they overwhelmed with numbers; confessing by arming a host of negroes that these were as brave and honorable soldiers as themselves, and hiring hordes of German and other foreign mercenaries, with bounties and the promise of license to rob, to help them conquer those of their own race and blood, whom they are, even now, not generous and manly enough to respect; but demand the trial of the President of the Southern Confederacy, whom they chained and afterward held imprisoned for two years; whose conviction they would hail with jubilant acclamations; and whose execution half a million of them would attend, if they could, to insult the martyr of the Southern struggle for independence, and bandy their scurvy jokes and ribald utterances while he was being choked to death, to the great glory of New England and the States that have issued from its loins.

There are a thousand acts of Radicalism at which we stare in stupid amazement. It possesses the enviable faculty of being as unspeakably base and mean and ignoble in little things as in matters of great concern. Its malignity and villainy can be concentrated to the deadly virulence of prussic acid. Albany Fonblanque once said, in the London *Examiner*, "If it be too much to require a minister to be just, we think we may ask of him as much as Mrs. Peachum asks of her daughter Polly—namely, to be 'somewhat nice' in her deviations from virtue. It is a very impolitic thing for a minister to make his injustice too common—he should reserve it for the service of the church, the Magistracy, and exalted abuses. Fielding records of his Jonathan Wild the Great, that he had an excellent maxim, 'never to do more mischief than was necessary, for that *mischief was too precious a thing to be wasted.*" Injustice, ministers should husband as too precious a thing to be thrown away in the defence of paltry objects. They should reserve it, like the Gods of Epic poetry, for knots worthy of it. It is a saying of Aristotle, if we remember correctly, "that the nature of every thing is best seen in small quantities, and in petty injustice the public see what is most odious in the nature of injustice."

The Radical faction of the United States is not at all 'nice' in its deviations from virtue; nor does it economise its injustice or its mischief, but lavishly expends both, its supply being apparently inexhaustible. The greatest iniquities appear only the natural proceeding of such a Government; and infamous laws and the patronizing of political and pecuniary villainies seem as much in the course of things as the poison borne by nightshade. When Voltaire was called upon for a story, in a company amusing themselves with tales of robbers, he began, "Gentlemen, once upon a time there was a Farmer of Taxes," and then stopped: "Proceed! Proceed!" was the cry: "I have done," said the Wit; "I have nothing more to say; you know all that is to be narrated of robbery, when I have told you that there was once on a time a Farmer of Taxes."

So, changing somewhat the words of Fonblanque speaking of a Tory Ministry, all that can be said of misgovernment is included in the fact that the Radical Faction governs the Country. It acts according to its kind, and as it cannot be other or better, its particular offences for the most part escape under the odium of its notorious nature. Hence, instead of expatiating on the indecency and villainy of any new exploit of Congress, it almost seems enough to observe, after the manner of the brief example of Voltaire, that we have a Radical Congress.

It does not surprise us, it hardly excites an emotion of any sort, to hear that another stupendous villainy has been consummated, by what is termed the admission of the State of Arkansas into the Union. It is, as every one knows, the imposition upon the people of that State, of a Constitution of Government that is the foul and loathsome issue of force and fraud, a Caliban, whose sire is scallawagism, and its dam an Ethiopian prostitute.

There *was* a time, in this now debauched and degraded country, when the rumor of such a villainy practised on the people of even the smallest territory would have rung through the land like the clangor of a trumpet, and the people's blood would have risen to a fever heat, and their indignation have shrivelled up as the fire shrivels up leaves, the paltry and despicable scoundrels who had dared to sit in their dishonored seats at Washington, and write such sentences of slavery against three hundred thousand white men, disfranchising them in ten States and making the issue from the obscene loins of Africa their masters.

But now these villainies are perpetrated and excite no man's wonder. Alarm there can be none, to those who have endured the worst and would not step aside to avoid death. Outrages which, six years ago, would have stung and cut to the bone, which no man believed possible, which no man, not even Stevens or Butler, thought any other man or even himself, base and mean and vile and low enough to commit, are now, when done by military upstarts, only the occasion of half an hour's gossip among the babblers of the pot-houses.

Never, in all the ages of the world, not even when England bribed and bought the Irish Parliament to vote for a Union which finds its like only in that which is now being consummated in the United States,—a Union execrated and hated by every true hearted-Irishman, from the day when it became a fact accomplished, until to-day,—never has there been a more infernal outrage perpetrated than the making of the Constitution of Arkansas, the obtaining a majority of votes for it by the most barefaced and impudent villainies, and the recognition of it by Congress as the expression and enactment of the will of the people of Arkansas.

One abandons in despair the attempt to express the disgust, the scorn, the contempt, the judgment of condemnation, which a measure so incomparably infamous and villainous deserves. It is to impose on the people of Arkansas as a Constitution of Government an instrument which they had condemned and rejected by their votes, and which in their souls they loathe and hate. It is to deprive them of the right of self-government, and prescribe for them a fundamental law which they hate, detest and despise. It is to empower a small minority of the white men of the State, aided by the negroes, to disfranchise the majority, to incapacitate them to sit as jurors, to disqualify them to exercise professions and the common trades, and make them Pariahs and Helots in their own land; while the black and white proletaires and vagrant paupers, issuing from their kennels and burrows to vote, levy such taxes on lands, of which they own none, as to be in effect confiscations. These things are already proposed in the scurvy collection of negroes and white men that calls itself the Legislature of Arkansas; and Congress knows it all and yet delivers over the decent men and women of the State to be oppressed and persecuted by the scum and refuse of the Commonwealth.

These things, notorious to all the world, done without shame, or even the decent gloss with which hypocrisy veils the indecencies of crime, sicken the heart and sadden the soul of every man who once idly dreamed that this was a free country, in which the rank abuses of despotism could never strangle the laws and assassinate liberty. Wanting words to stamp and brand these villainies as they deserve, what can we do but invoke upon their perpetrators the vengeance of the Almighty God, wait patiently, endure silently and hope for the day of retribution?

That day is not very distant. No ignoble despotism can last long. When the first general election under the Reform gave the Grey ministry an overwhelming majority, as the returns came in, the new danger, the great peril in England, of a too great success, broke for a moment upon Lord Brougham's mind, and he exclaimed, "We shall be too strong." The sequel abundantly proved that these were prophetic words. The ministry had to grapple with a more insidious and fatal enemy than the Opposition,—almost absolute political power; and they fell in public opinion almost as rapidly as they had risen. The first act of the reformed Parliament was to repeal the Habeas Corpus act in Ireland, substitute courts-martial for jury-trials, and prohibit popular meetings in the country: and the English people condemned these measures as tyrannical, although they were to oppress the Irish only.

The measures for which the Radical party is responsible infinitely excel in atrocity and tyranny, those of the Grey Ministry; and no such men as the Radical leaders disgraced that Parliament. But the party was too strong. So is Radicalism. It has absolute political power; and that will soon prove its ruin. The avenger of blood swiftly and unrelentingly pursues it, and there is no City of Refuge for it, nor any escape from its fate. It lives detested, and it will die accursed, for it will not leave behind it the memory of a single good deed.

MISSISSIPPI.

—Up to 5 o'clock Thursday evening returns received at Jackson show 8,085 Democratic votes ahead, with every indication that the negro constitution will be beaten from 15,000 to 20,000 votes. At Wenona the Federal soldiers, with the exception of the officer in command, all voted the Democratic ticket.

—The official returns from Tunica give 409 for the constitution and 109 against it. For Governor: Eggleston, 493; Humphreys, 114. The rest of the ticket have about the same figures.

—The Lexington *Advertiser* says: We regret to learn that the disease, called charbon, has made its appearance in this place and immediate vicinity. Mr. W. E. Maddox has lost a valuable horse, and Mr. B. F. Garnett a mule by this disease. If our readers have been prudent they can refer to the antidotes which we published some time since and which are regarded as valuable specifics for the above disease. We hope due precaution will be taken by owners of stock as the pus of the disease, on contact with the abradad cuticle of human or brute of any description, is very poisonous, and likely to be fatal in its consequences.

GENERAL ITEMS.

—Judge W. S. Allen, who has been editorially connected with the St. Louis *Republican* some twelve years, died at his residence in Franklin county Mo., on Tuesday last.

—The Washington special of the Louisville *Journal*, in his dispatch of the 26th, says: "It is stated that the treaty with the Osage Indians, now before the Senate for ratification, which secures to a single railroad corporation over eight million acres of land at thirty cents per acre, and which, it was charged, was concluded with the Osage tribe by official bribery, will be ratified by that body.

—The Tax bill passed the House on Friday. The tax on imported cigars was increased from $2 to $2 50 per pound. It is expected to pass the Senate. The taxation of banks and banking remain the same.

—It is now reported that it is doubtful if an appropriation will be made to pay for Alaska.

—Gen. Clingman while in Washington, on his way to attend the National Democratic Convention, gave a very encouraging report of the political prospect in North Carolina, and says the State is safe for the Democratic nominees.

—The Louisville *Journal*'s special on the 26th dispatches: "Members of Congress from the North and West report that their sections are almost unanimously in favor of the nomination of Pendleton for the Presidency by the New York convention. The Chase "movement" seems to have almost entirely died out. The Virginia papers repudiate him, and the number of his friends appear to be 'growing smaller by degrees and beautifully less' very fast."

—Ludwell Alexander, son of J. B. Alexander, formerly cashier of the Southern Bank of Kentucky, at Louisville, and now a banker in New York, was drowned in the Ohio river on the 25th, five miles above Owensboro, Ky., while bathing. He was about twenty-one years of age, and had just returned from Europe, where he had been attending school for three years.

—It is estimated that 50,000 soldiers and sailors will attend the 4th of July New York Convention.

—The Festival of St. John the Baptist, June 24, was celebrated by the Masonic fraternity of Mobile with more than usual interest, though without the external display which often attends this anniversary.

—It is rumored upon the streets, says the New Orleans *Picayune*, that Gen. L. A. Sheldon is to be the Chief Justice under the new regime, and W. W. Howe one of the Associate Justices. Rumor further saith that J. F. Deane is to be the recipient of that very lucrative office, Recorder of Mortgages, now filled by Hyias Stiles, an appointee of Governor Flanders, and heretofore supposed to be black enough politically to suit the most ultra Black Republicans.

—Mrs. Washington, relict of George Washington, who claimed to be a descendant of the Gen. Washington family, attempted to commit suicide, at Paducah, on Wednesday last. She is about forty-seven years of age, and since her husband's death, has been in bad health and a desponding mood. This is the third or fourth attempt she has made to destroy herself, saying she was tired of life and wished to be at rest.

TENNESSEE.

—The Nashville *Press and Times* says: "The holders of Tennessee State bonds will be gratified to learn that the July interest on the State debt will be paid promptly. The State Comptroller commenced sending funds to New York several weeks since for that purpose, and we are glad to state that his untiring industry and vigilance will enable him to weather the financial dog days with perfect success." We hope that this statement is correct.

—In Nasnville, a few days ago, an old man some eighty years old, was sent to the penitentiary on a charge of petty larceny. It is somewhat astonishing what a devotion some people have for crime. This is the eighth term the venerable patriarch has served in that institution, and he was the second distinguished visitor ever sent there. Verily he is an honor to his country.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

FROM CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 28.—The Tycoon has surrendered to the Mikado, ceding half his private territory, disbanding his army, surrendering his navy, and himself retiring to Milo, for which place he left on foot, a token of humility.

The commander of the fleet refused to surrender, and has gone to join a movement in the interest of the Tycoon.

The revolution is by no means ended, and fighting continues in the vicinity of Yeddo. An engagement had taken place near Yeddo, wherein 800 Tycoon troops were killed and 300 beheaded. The uncle of the Mikado had been assassinated in Yeddo.

Dispatches from Victoria state that the sloop Thornton, on her last trip northward, was attacked by forty men above Fort Rupert and three canoes full of Indians. Captain Warren and crew fired on them with Henry rifles, killing twenty out of twenty-three Indians. Captain Warren and one of his men were severely wounded. The Indians fought obstinately with fire arms. The colonial government will send off a gunboat to punish the savages.

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, June 28.—The report of the Impeachment Managers will not probably be presented to the House before Wednesday. Several more witnesses are to be examined.

The Senate committee, appointed to inquire into matters affecting its members, growing out of impeachment, has not entered into investigation.

A military commission for the trial of persons accused of being implicated in the Ashburn murder at Columbus will commence its session at Atlanta to-morrow.

Efforts will be made by the Senate to pass the tax bill before the close of the present session.

Both Houses of Congress are disposed to press business as rapidly as possibly, to adjourn the session about the 29th of July.

TENNESSEE.

—The election for floater for the State at large, is to take place on the third of November. Brownlow has added to the number of his proclamations.

—The Jackson (West Tennessee) *Whig* of the 27th, having accidentally omitted the name of Gen. N. B. Forrest, from the list of delegates, says: We hasten to supply this omission of the types, and will here add our unqualified approval of his selection as one of the delegates for the State at large to the New York Convention.

—The Jackson *Whig* speaks of a new discovery, that was vouchsafed a very short time since, and which requires but few words to describe: Since the world was made, there never was as corrupt and unprincipled a party, as that now called the Radical party of the United States.

—The Supreme Court, now in session at Brownsville, will adjourn next Tuesday. The present term will then have lasted three months. We understand that it will be impossible to reach a large number of important cases, which will have to lie over until the next term.

—Died, in Jackson, on the evening of the 21st inst., Charles T. Knight, for many years a citizen of this city. He was a gallant soldier in the Mexican and in the recent war, and was severely wounded at the battle of Brice's Cross Roads, in June, 1864. His age was about 45 years.

—Bishop Quintard, on his recent visit to England, was presented by a Parish there with a silver Alms Basin, made four hundred years ago, and has kindly given this old and cherished relic to St. Luke's Episcopal Church in Jackson.

—The Knoxville *Press and Herald* says: There is great excitement in Hawkins county among the speculators in mineral lands. A company who have for several months been boring for salt, six miles north of Rogersville, on Big Poor Valley, have, at a depth of 360 feet, struck a flowing spring of brine, equal to that of the Virginia salt works, which flows from the top of the well. The well was bored through soil for some 800 feet, and the last sixty feet or so was through solid rock. This would indicate that the supply of salt water is condensed into a lake similar to that of King's Salt Works in Virginia. The water is very strongly saturated with salt, and only a few gallons are required to make a pound of salt. We have a sample of the salt, which appears to be of a good quality. The company intends putting up kettles and other apparatus at once in order to commence the manufacture of salt.

—Two negroes, John Rudder and Geo. Hodge, confined in jail at Jackson, on charges of horse stealing and larceny, broke jail one night last week, and made good their escape. A reward of $25 is offered by the sheriff for the apprehension of either.

—The West Tennessee *Whig* of the 27th computes the wheat crop at considerably less than it had conjectured. There were so many acres sown even a fifty per cent. average would be ample for home consumption. There were no buyers in market, but were generally expected.

—The Bolivar *Bulletin* says: Work on the new courthouse is rapidly progressing. It is now thought that the structure will be completed by, if not before, the first of December next.

—The Bolivar *Bulletin* of the 27th says, jubilantly: "One more hole has been stopped. One more channel of wealth to Northern producers has been blockaded. Since the 1st day of January last it is safe to say that over $50,000 worth of Northern made flour has been consumed in this county; but it is gratifying to know that this leakage will prevail no longer. Hardeman county can bread herself now, and thus keep within her own pockets the vast amount of money it would have taken to purchase Northern made flour had our people not wisely resolved to give up a portion of their grounds to the production of wheat. We heard one of our millers say the other day that he could sell flour made from new wheat at his mills at such prices as would drive out the Northern brands. This assertion, coming as it does from a gentleman of veracity and experience, is entitled to three cheers and a "tiger."

—President Johnson has bought a beautiful farm of five hundred acres, at Henderson's Depot, in Tennessee, with two fine flowering mills on it.

—In the United States Court on Thursday, the indictment against Rev. Mr. Bates, of the Southern Methodist Church, for treason, was dismissed without cost. The day has passed by for treason trials, and the whole docket will soon be cleared of each case.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

RINGWALD—Died, in this city, on Sunday evening, the 28th inst., AUGUSTUS RINGWALD.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his mother, No. 219 Poplar street, this Monday afternoon, the 29th inst., at 4½ o'clock. Carriages in attendance.

DIED.

WILLIAMS—In this city, on the evening of the 28th inst., Mrs. ELIZA WILLIAMS, wife of Dr. W. C. Cavenagh. Her remains will be conveyed to Holly Springs for interment.

Avalanche and Ledger copy.

ABRAY—On the 22d day of June, 1868, near Horn Lake, DeSoto county, Miss., Mrs. H. A. E. ABRAY, in the 24th year of her age.

A true friend, an affectionate wife, a fond and devoted mother has gone.

"None knew her but to love,
None miss her but to mourn."

NELSON—In Austin, Miss., June 27th, at quarter past 10 a.m., Mrs. MARY C. NELSON wife of Dr. J. C. Nelson.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

BAILEY SPRINGS, ALABAMA.

THE proprietors of this Watering Place take pleasure in informing their friends and patrons that they have completed their arrangements for the comfort and enjoyment of their guests, and that the Hotel is now open for their reception. The efficacy of these waters in cases of Dropsy, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, diseases peculiar to Females, and all diseases of the Skin and Kidneys, is too well established to need comment. A good Band will serve the Ball room; and the table will be supplied with the best the country affords, while the fishing in Shoal creek and the hunting in the surrounding woods present their usual attractions to visitors. Route via Memphis and Charleston Railroad to Florence, thence by regular Stage Line to the Springs—nine miles.

For descriptive pamphlet, circular, or for information respecting special diseases, address

ELLIS & CO., Proprietors,
or H. A. MOODY, M.D.,
Resident Physician.

je29 1m

Fishermen, Attention—Blackfish Lake all the Go!

THE undersigned has fitted up the house in comfortable style, and is prepared to care for all who come, supplying Ketches, Drinkables, Tackle, Dug-outs, and everything except ice. The lake is now full of fish, and all may be assured of finding excellent sport. Terms moderate. [je28 lm] J. W. BOOKER.

PRODUCE WANTED.

5000 BBLS. POTATOES, Onions, Apples, Pears, Peaches; 5000 bushels Wheat, for which the highest market price will be paid at COMER & RICHARDSON'S
No. 2 Howard Row.
je26 1w

Dissolution.

THE firm of GUY, ALDEN, McCREA & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Unsettled business pertaining to the late firm will be adjusted at the office of Guy, McClellan & Co., 294 Front street. W. W. GUY,
T. ALDEN,
J. McCREA,
R. W. McCLELLAN.

New Firm.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership for the transaction of a Wholesale Grocery, Cotton Factorage and General Commission Business, at 294 Front street, Memphis, Tenn., under the style of GUY, McCLELLAN & CO.

W. W. GUY,
J. B. McCLELLAN,
T. C. PARK,
R. W. McCLELLAN.

In severing connection with our old partners, we heartily recommend them and their new colleagues to confidence and patronage of our friends, both in the city and country.

T. L. ALDEN,
J. McCREA.

je27 1w

WHEAT! WHEAT! WHEAT!

I AM paying the highest price for good Wheat at Bluff City Mills, 197 Poplar street, and have for sale choice Family Flour, Cornmeal, Bran and Shorts, at prices to suit the times.

je27 1m JOHN INGES

OFFICE SOUTHERN LIFE INS. CO.,
MEMPHIS, TENN., June 24, 1868.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, will be held, at the office of the Company, on TUESDAY, JULY 7th prox., at 3 o'clock p.m.

je24 td BEN MAY, Secretary.

Notice.

DELEGATES to the Democratic Covention will be carried at HALF FARE on the Commercial and Liberty, No. 2.

JOHN B. DAVIS, Sup't
M. and W. R. R. R.
je9 tf

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

BRIDLES,
WHIPS,
SADDLERY,
HARDWARE,
TRUNKS, Etc.

AT REDUCED RATES.

C. N. CASE, J., & CO.,
157 Main street,
Sign of the Golden Stirrup,
Rooms Up Stairs.
ap28 3m

REMOVAL.

A. HUNN & CO.

Have removed their

Steamboat Bakery, Bread and Cracker Depot,

—TO—

Cor. Jefferson and Promenade Streets,

je21 1m Opposite Steamboat Landing.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

WANTED AT MEMPHIS CITY SAVINGS INSTITUTION, corner Jefferson and Front streets:

Miss. Central R. R. 1st and 2d Mortg. Bonds.
Miss and Tenn. R. R. 1st Mortg. Bonds.
Mem. and Chas. R. R. 2d Mortg. Bonds.
M. and L. R. R. R. 1st Mortg. Bonds.
Memphis and Ohio 10 per cent. Bonds.
Memphis and Ohio 6 per cent. Mortg. Bonds.
Memphis City plain Bonds.
Memphis City Indorsed Bonds.
Mobile and O. R. R. 8 per cent. Sterling Bonds.
Mobile and O. R. R. 8 per cent. interest Bonds.
Mobile and O. R. R. Income Bonds.
Memphis and O. R. R. Stock.

je10 tf E. C. KIRK, Cashier.

INSURANCE.

Fire & Inland Navigation Risks

MEMPHIS INSURANCE AGENCY,

22 Madison Street.

THE FOLLOWING STAUNCH, RELIABLE and well known Insurance Companies are represented at the Memphis Insurance Agency, No. 22 Madison street, Memphis, Tenn.:

ÆTNA OF HARTFORD.

Asse'ts.....$ 4,833,543
Total Losses Paid..... 21,271,972

HARTFORD OF HARTFORD.
INCORPORATED, A.D., 1810.

Assets.....$2,026,220

H. A. LITTLETON, Agent.

HOME OF NEW YORK.

Assets.....$3,623,886

SECURITY OF NEW YORK.

Assets.....$1,477,677

ENTERPRISE OF CINCINNATI.

Capital.....$1,000,000

Vredenburgh & Sylvester, Ag'ts.

Losses Paid at this Agency.

Applications for Marine and Accident Insurance promptly attended to. je17 3m

1868 1868

ST. LOUIS & ST. PAUL PACKETS

Northern Line Packet Co.

RUN THEIR DAILY LINE OF SPLENDID Side-wheel Steamers through to

Davenport, Dubuque and St. Paul

Without reshipping, leaving their Wharfboat, at the foot of Washington Avenue, EVERY EVENING (except Sundays), at 4 o'clock p.m. These steamers are all manned with careful, skillful and experienced officers and crews, accustomed to the trade, and are outfitted in a superior manner, and no exertions will be spared to add to the comfort of Passengers or careful handling of freight.

JAMES WARE, President.
T. J. BUFORD, Superintendent.
I. M. MASON, General Agent.
E. B. BYINGTON Gen'l Ticket Agent.
LEVY & MILLER,
Ticket Agents, Memphis.
je7 3m

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND PIC-NIC

FOR THE BENEFIT OF

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH

—AT—

Ford's Splendid Picnic Grounds,

Opp. the Brick Church, in Chelsea, on

SATURDAY, JULY 4, 1868.

TICKETS.....FIFTY CENTS.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.—Victor Fuchs, F. Duttlinger, P. Mentges, G. Bergman, Ant. Schmitt, F. Meyer, Geo. Buchert. je11

VARIETIES THEATER,

Corner Main and Washington Sts.

C. H. H. BROOM.....Manager
CHARLEY WHITE.....Stage Manager

Only Place of Amusement Open in the City!

THIS TEMPLE OF MIRTH NOW PRESENTS the Greatest Constellation of Artists ever presented to a Memphis audience. NEW SONGS, DANCES, BURLETTAS, FARCES, PANTOMIMES, Etc.

Admission 50 cents; Private Boxes, $5. Doors open at 7½, performance to commence at 8¼ o'clock. ap22

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

THE LIFE AND REMAINS

—OF—

Gen. WILLIAM T. HASKELL

Now being compiled and arranged

By Rev. R. H. RIVERS

SUBSCRIPTIONS are solicited to this work, which, when compiled, will embrace between 500 and five hundred 12 mo. pages, printed upon calendered paper in bold, clear type, and bound in a creditable manner.

Gen. HASKELL was one of the most brilliant and eloquent orators that Tennessee has ever given to our common country. His will be shown not only by a brief and truthful narrative of the chief incidents of his eventful life, but by presenting the reader with his remains, consisting of Poems, Essays, Letters and Orations.

To the personal friends and admirers of the great Tennesseean will subscribe liberally at once, the work can be delivered by November, 1868.

The profits arising from the sale of the work will be devoted to erecting a monument to his memory.

Terms—$3 per copy, payable on delivery.

N. B.—Subscribers may leave their names with Col. J. H. MCEAVOY, No. 43 Madison street, or with J. M. KEATING, Esq. je28 7t

RECEIVER'S SALE

—OF—

VALUABLE PROPERTY

NOTICE is hereby given that as Receiver, appointed by the Circuit Court of Crittenden county, Arkansas, in the case of John H. waggener vs. C. Taylor, Trustee et als., I will sell, to the highest bidder, at MOUND CITY, ARKANSAS, on

Thursday, the 9th Day of July, 1868

—THE—

STEAMBOAT PEOSTA,

With all her Machinery, Tackle, Furniture, etc.

TERMS—One thousand dollars cash, balance on credit of six and twelve months. Notes with approved security to be given, and a lien to be retained on the boat.

And at the same time and place, I will let, to the highest bidder, for the term of twelve months, the

Mound City Ferry Privilege,

Or right to run a ferryboat to Mound City, Arkansas.

TERMS—Rent to be paid monthly. Security for payment to be given and a right of re-entry, and to forfeit the lease forfeited for non-payment to be reserved.

This is well known to be the most valuable ferry privilege in the vicinity of Memphis.

je28 td JAMES G. READY, Receiver.

YELLOW SULPHUR SPRINGS.

THESE CELEBRATED AND POPULAR Springs, situated in Montgomery county, 35 miles from Christiansburg Depot, are now open for the reception of visitors, and the attention of the Springs going public is respectfully invited to the advantages they present. The waters of these Springs are unrivalled in all cases of Dyspepsia, Cutaneous diseases and Uterine affections, and in cases of Debility act as a

POWERFUL RESTORATIVE.

They have proven eminently useful in many Female Diseases, and in

CHRONIC DIARRHŒA

Are regarded as a SPECIFIC.

The natural advantages of this place are UNSURPASSED as a SUMMER RESORT, being situated almost upon the very summit of the Alleghany mountains. The air is always cool and bracing, the climate is healthy and salubrious, the water of delightful temperature (50 Fahrenheit), the grounds are shaded, and protected every hour in the day by a thick grove of Forest Oaks.

The Hotel and buildings have recently been enlarged, renovated and refitted, and the proprietors flatter themselves they can offer to their guests accommodations unsurpassed by any watering place in the mountains, and confidently ask a visit from the public.

Visitors to the Springs will stop at Christiansburg, where comfortable coaches will be in attendance on the arrival of each train to convey them to the Springs.

RATES OF BOARD:

Per day.....$ 3 00
Per week.....18 0
Per month.....60 00
For a longer period than two months, per month.....50 00
Colored servants and Children not occupying seats at first table, half the above rates.

Dr. JOHN B. RADFORD,
Col. BENRY A. EDMUNDSON,
Maj. JAMES P. EDMUNSON,
Gen. G. C. WHARTON,
Proprietors.

J. A. DAVIS, formerly of the Norvell House, Lynchburg Superintendent. je28 eod 1m

Carver's Cotton Gins.

WE ARE SOLE AGENTS IN THIS MARket for the above well known Gin. Planters and Cotton Factors de iring to make purchases of Gins, will find it to their advantage to call on us before purchasing.

ALLISON BROTHERS,
Hardware Dealers,
je27 2ws 270 Front street.

RUSSELL'S

Dispensary, Infirmary and Drug Store,

Nos. 40 and 42 North Court St.,

MEMPHIS, : : : : TENNESSEE.

DR. RUSSELL'S DISPENSARY AND INFIRMARY, the largest and oldest institution of the kind in the southwest, established in 1859, pleasantly located at Nos. 40 and 42 north side of Court Square, Memphis, Tenn., is open for the reception of patients desiring treatment and the comforts of a home while receiving the same. Patients also treated at the office or by letter, if desired. Dr. RUSSELL is acknowledged by all parties interested as by far the MOST SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIAN in the treatment of Private or Secret Diseases. Quick, thorough and permanent cures guaranteed in every case, male or female. Recent cases of GONORRHŒA and SYPHILIS cured in a few days, without the use of Mercury, loss of diet, or hindrance from business. SECONDARY SYPHILIS; the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary loss of semen stopped in a short time. Sufferers from Impotency or Loss of Sexual Power restored to free vigor in a few weeks. Gleet or Gonorrhœa of long standing, when all internal remedies have failed, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Victims of SELF-ABUSE and excessive Venery, suffering from SPERMATORRHŒA and loss of physical and mental power, speedily and permanently cured.

☞ All consultations strictly confidential.

Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, Paralysis, Deafness, etc., treated by the aid of Electro Magnetic Battery.

Office hours from 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., and from 2 to 8 p.m.

Those wishing to purchase Drugs, Family Medicines, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, etc., would do well to call at RUSSELL'S DRUG STORE before purchasing elsewhere, No. 42 North Court street, under the Dispensary.

je27

WHEAT! WHEAT! WHEAT!

WE WILL BUY OR MAKE LIBERAL advances on Wheat shipped to TAYLOR BROS. & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

SACKS FURNISHED.

R. S. TAYLOR & CO.,
278 Front street.
je18 1m

NOTICE.—To whom it may concern: Mrs. M. Josephena Newman has this day left my bed and board without my consent or knowledge and I therefore warn any one from trusting her, as I will not pay any indebtedness that she may make and have charged to me, as I have always furnished her with all she needed and asked for, and at the proper time I shall apply for a divorce on the above grounds.

THOS. NEWMAN.
Memphis, June 27, 1868. je28 1w*

CAROLINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

Capital Stock, : : : : : : : : : $200,000 00
Increase for first Ten Months, : : 161,883 46

M. J. WICKS, President, J. T. PETTIT, Vice-President.
W. F. BOYLE, Secretary, J. H. EDMONDSON, Gen'l Agent.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

M. J. WICKS,	W. L. VANCE,	WM. JOYNER,	F. W. SMITH,
E. M. APPERSON,	J. J. PETTIT,	N. S. BRUCE,	A. SEESSEL,
F. TITUS,	W. R. HUNT,	W. B. GREENLAW,	B. K. PULLEN,
NAPOLEON HILL,	J. G. LONSDALE,	JAMES PHELAN.	

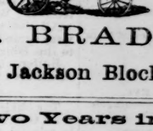
ISSUES Policies either Participating or Non-participating, on all the Improved Plans of Life Insurance. No Restrictions on Travel or Residence within the settled limits of the United States or British North America. All Policies Non-forfeitable for their Equitable Value.

The Officers and Directory of this Company are determined, by a judicious and economical management of its affairs, to secure for it the success which it merits as a reliable Institution.

OFFICE 291 MAIN STREET.

je14 d1fawlm

CARRIAGES, ROCKAWAYS, BUGGIES, PHÆTONS

WAGONS AND  HARNESS.

R. O. BRADLEY,

377 Main Street, Jackson Block, Memphis, Tenn.

mh15 tf

Twenty-Two Years in Memphis.

WALKER BROS. G. H. JUDAH. C. H. MYERS.

WALKER BROTHERS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, ETC.,

And Sole Agents for Macon Mills, Ga.,

HEAVY 4-4 BROWN SHEETINGS, SOLD AT FACTORY PRICES.

Being same as New York Quotations,

No. 229 Main St., Clay Building.

N. B.—Country Merchants and Wholesale Buyers will be benefitted by examining our Stock before purchasing elsewhere. [je14] WALKER BROS. & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEM'NTS

REDUCTION! REDUCTION!

SWEEPING REDUCTION!

DRY GOODS

MARKED DOWN AT

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROTHERS

WISHING TO REDUCE OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF SUMMER GOODS, we have marked them all down to insure an early sale.

Lace Points at New York Cost.

Silk Grenadines at N. York Cost.

Linen Lawns at New York Cost.

Crape Maretz at New York Cost.

Mozambiques at New York Cost.

Chaly at New York Cost.

Organdie Muslins at N. Y. Cost.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROTHERS,

Cor. Jefferson and Main Sts.

je21 1m

ATTENTION, TRAVELERS!

GREAT REDUCTION IN FARE!

St. Louis Packet Company Still Ahead!

To N. York via St. Louis and Cincinnati...$38 25
To New York via Cairo and Chicago..... 35 00
To Omaha..... 28 00

For further information call at General Ticket Office of LEVY & MILLER,
mail tf No. 5 Jefferson street.

BANKRUPT'S SALE.

THE undersigned, assignees of the estate of Klein & Wolf, Bankrupts, will sell, at public auction, at the store, No.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Two Story House, with six rooms and kitchen, 228 Washington street. Inquire at 226 Washington street, or at Water Tank-, foot of Madison street. je14 tf

FOR RENT—Up-stairs, No. 19 Jefferson street, two Rooms suitable for offices or sleeping rooms. Apply at Appeal office. mh1

PRICE REDUCED.

FOR RENT.—The neat and shaded Cottage Home, "Belle Grange," known as the "Ayres Place," near the street Cars, on Hernando road, two miles from Court Square. Elegant garden, pasture, orchard, cistern, with all the comforts of a home near the city. Can be rented for 18 months or for the summer.
W. A. WHEATLEY, Collector,
je10 Office, No. 5 Bethell Block.

FOR RENT.—Two handsome Rooms in the third story of the building, No. 12 Adams street, suitable for offices or sleeping apartments. Also, the spacious basement of the same building. Apply at the store on the premises. ma31 tf

FOR RENT.—A FINE COTTAGE RESIdence with seven acres of garden Land, on Randolph road, two miles from court square, and just outside the corporate limits, will be rented low to a good prompt paying tenant. Present crop, etc., for sale now. Apply to T. GRAVES, Memphis Cotton Press, 154 Madison street. ma30 tf

FOR RENT.—THE STORE AND BUILDING on Jefferson street, corner of the alley between Second and Third streets, south side, is for rent. The building is well situated as a first-class boarding house, and contains fourteen rooms, kitchen, and all in good order. Also, two STORE-S on north side. Inquire at PETER SANI'S, 655 Jefferson street.
Ledger copy. ma22

FOR SALE.

SUBURBAN LANDS AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE ON EASY TERMS.—My lands, 3 miles east of the city, are for sale, on terms to suit purchasers, for cash or on any time—from one to ten years, and in any quantity—from 3 acres to 300. My residence, with from 14 to 20 acres of land, will be sold at a great bargain, for cash, or on the usual terms. Apply to myself, on the premises, or to Royster, Trezevant & Co., my agents, in the city. N. M. TREZEVANT.
je17

FOR SALE.—That choice piece of property on the northeast corner of Vance and Orleans streets. Good residence and Forest Shade Trees. Apply to
je13 tf ROYSTER TREZEVANT & CO.

FOR SALE.—Having determined to change our business, we offer for sale our small but well selected STOCK OF GROCERIES, and a lease on one of the BEST BUSINESS HOUSES in the city. We will sell with a splendid suburban RESIDENCE, if desired, from the city, near Hill's Station, with 25 acres of ground, with all the necessary improvements. Apply to WEBB, MITCHELL & CO., No. 13 Union street, Lee Block. je7 tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR CITY PROPERTY.—Forty-four Acres of Land, three miles due east of the city limits, corner of Clayton and Holmes avenues. Has plenty of heavy timber, running water, eligible building sites, and is in an excellent neighborhood. Will be sold in a body or divided to suit. Apply to Wm. ARMOUR or D. H. TOWNSEND, No. 256 Front Row. ap22

WANTS.

WANTED TO BUY.—A BUGGY AND HORSE. Will give a fair price in Board or money. ALLEN BROS.
je28 2t

WANTED.—A young man, without encumbrance, who has been engaged in the Drug business for several years, both for others and himself, seeks now a position either as salesman or to carry on business, with an interest, for some good partner with ready capital, in some country town. Would prefer a healthy location in some thriving town. For further information, address W. J. S., Memphis Appeal office. je24 1w

W. H. MOORE, AGENT,
4 1-2 Madison Street.

Je21 3m

WANTED TO RENT—For a few months, a small country RESIDENCE, with shady grounds attached, from two to four miles from the city. Apply at 317 Main street. je4

WANTED—20,000 bushels WHEAT, for which cash will be paid by
ANDERSON & WATSON.

WANTED—10,000 pounds WOOL wanted by
ANDERSON & WATSON.

FOR SALE—10,000 SEAMLESS WHEAT BAGS by
je19 ANDERSON & WATSON.

WANTED.—A DWELLING HOUSE containing 4 to 6 rooms by a family of three persons, all grown. Must be centrally located. Address Richard, Appeal office. ma31

WANTED.—A WET NURSE—MUST BE well recommended. Apply to No. 8 Jefferson street.
je21 tf W. H. CHERRY.

WANTED.—A situation as Book-keeper, Assistant Book-keeper or Clerk, by a young man who has had ten years experience. Best city references given, if desired. Address V., Appeal office. je20 tf

LABORERS WANTED—ON THE ST. LOUIS and Iron Mountain Railroad, to work on grading and track-laying, near Whitewater Bridge, fifteen miles west of Cape Girardeau. Wages, $2 00 per day. For information apply to FILBURN & IVERS, Cape Girardeau.
je15 1m T. M. AULT.

WANTED.—A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND Ironer—a white woman, with references. Apply at 346 Linden street. ma31

WANTED.—A SMALL FARM NEAR THE city of Memphis, of which possession can be given immediately. Address A. R., Appeal office, stating terms, location, etc. ma30 tf

Liberal Conditions. Equitable Rates. Prompt Settlements.

THE GEORGIA
HOME INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Columbus, Ga. Incorporated 1859.

Paid in Capital	**$250 000 00**
Assets January 1, 1868	**416,280 87**

$20,000 IN BONDS DEPOSITED WITH the Comptroller of Tennessee.

Blank forms furnished, and all inquiries promptly answered, on application in person or by letter.

JAS. F. BOZEMAN, Pres't. D. F. WILCOX, Sec'y.

W. H. MOORE, Agent,
4 1-2 Madison street,
Je21 3m **Memphis, Tenn.**

BOARDING.

BOARDING.—One or two gentlemen with wives can obtain board at moderate rates. The best and HEALTHIEST neighborhood in the city. None but those who can give unexceptionable references need apply, to C. M., care Appeal office. je10 tf

TO PLANTERS.—The highest market price will be paid for WHEAT by
ATTWOOD & ANDERSON,
2 Promenade street,
Je21 Foot of Jefferson street.

H. L. GUION
—WITH—
ROYSTER, TREZEVANT & CO.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND AUCTIONeer, 276 Second street. Attends exclusively to Renting and Leasing Houses and Lots, Collecting of Rents, Paying Taxes, Effecting Insurance, etc., etc. Has now for rent several very desirable Residences, from a cottage to almost a palace. Also, several Business Houses, Offices, Rooms, etc. je21 1m

F. J. COMER, GEO. S. RICHARDSON.
Late C. Northrop & Co. Late C. Northrop & Co

COMER & RICHARDSON,
GENERAL
Produce, Feed and Commission
MERCHANTS,

NO. 2 HOWARD'S ROW, MEMPHIS, TENN.

Consignments respectfully solicited.
feb23 6m

THE NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY
Books Open for Subscription.

CALL ON
S. B. WRIGHT, GENERAL AGENT,
Room 5, over Commercial Bank.
ma20 tf

The Following Books, Viz:

3 VOLS. Shakspeare (Illustrated), 2 vols. Lives of the Saints, 1 vol Plutarch's Lives, 2 vols. Novels, 15 vols National Portrait Gallery, 2 vols Godey's Magazine, 1 vol. Dr. Bazar (German), 2 vols. quarto Imperial Bibles, Morocco and gilt edge; 1 vol Testament; 1 vol. Internal Revenue Laws; 2 vols. Code of Tennessee, 1 vol. Criminal Pleadings, 1 vol. Medical Journal, 1 vol. Walter Scott's Poems, 2 vols. Church Facts, 7 vols. Church Review, 1 vol. Mission Book, 1 vol. American Encyclopedia, 1 vol. Journal of the General Convention (Episcopal), will be sold to pay charges, unless called for within thirty days.
C. F. CHAMBERLIN & CO.
Memphis, June 27, 1868. je27 1w

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

Office—No. 13 Jefferson Street.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily	2:40 p.m.	4:15 p.m.
Sardis accom'n, daily, except Sunday	8:30 a.m.	5:30 p.m.
Freight, (North Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday; South, Monday, Wednesday and Friday)	3:35 p m.	6 23 a.m.

Takes effect Sunday, June 22, 1868.
A. S. LEVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY Gen. Ticket Ag't. je28

Memphis and Little Rock Railroad.

Trains on this division of the road now run on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays, as follows:
Leave Hopefield at 7:30 a.m.
Returning, leave Edmondson's at 5:00 p.m.
Ferryboat Nevada will leave foot of Union street and connect with train.
Excursion tickets, good for three days, sold at reduced rates. JAS. W. ROBERTSON,
je26 General Superintendent.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

	ARRIVE.	DEPART.
Through Mail (daily)	6:20 p.m.	12:30 p.m
Through Express	10:40 p.m.	11:30 p.m
(This train does not leave Saturdays.)		
Corinth Accommodation, daily, (except Sundays) at		6:00 a.m
Somerville Accommodation daily (except sunday)	8:25 a.m.	5:10 p.m

Railroad Time is 20 minutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 275 Main street and at Depot.
W. J. ROSS, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Day Express	7:00 a.m.	3:15 p.m
Night express	4:00 p.m.	9:15 a.m

Railroad Time is 9 minutes faster than city.
Ticket offices No. 237½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM. B. JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

CITY MATTERS.

TO THE PATRONS OF THE APPEAL.

Subscribers are requested to report to the Superintendent of Circulation, at our Counting-room, No. 13 Jefferson street, any irregularities or failures on the part of our carriers in delivering their papers promptly and regularly. Any complaint will be immediately attended to.

NOTICE.

City subscribers to the APPEAL, daily or weekly, who may desire to leave the city for the summer, can have their papers sent them regularly by leaving a memorandum at the Counting-room of the APPEAL, No. 13 Jefferson street.

CALENDAR.—June—6th Month.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

MOON.	DAY.	TIME AT MEMPHIS.
Full	5th.	0 h. 55 minutes.
Third Quarter	13th.	4 h. 15 minutes.
New	20th.	8 h. 45 minutes.
First Quarter	27th.	11 h. 40 minutes.

TWENTY-NINTH DAY—*Monday.*—Sun rises 5:01; sets 7:54.

Saints.—St. Peter the Apostle, 68; St. Hemma, widow, 1045.

Born.—Sir Henry Yelverton, eminent English Judge, 1566.

Died.—Margaret Beaufort, Countess of Richmond, mother of Henry VII., 1509; Henry Clay, great Whig Statesman, 1852, Washington; Elizabeth Barrett Browning, poetess, 1861, Florence.

LA SALETTE ACADEMY, conducted by the Dominicans Sisters, will give its third annual concert on Tuesday evening the 30th inst. Patrons and friends who may not have received cards by Tuesday morning, and who desire to attend, will please send to the Academy, 178 Third street, to obtain them, as no one will be admitted without a card.

TO CLERGYMEN.—In order to furnish our readers with a full directory of the different places of worship in our city, we request the clergy, Catholic and Protestant, to furnish us at their earliest convenience with a statement of their regular hours of service, and the location and denomination of their churches.

GRAND LUNCH.—To-day at 10 o'clock a.m., at Vetter Dreizigacker, 35 Monroe street, there will be one of the grandest lunches of the season. Mr. Dreizigacker has just returned from the East, where he has made arrangements to have the best brewers in the country. Come one, come all, and fresh beer sent from the best brewers in try his superb stock of wines and liquors. Do not forget the lunch at 10 o'clock.

ST. PETER'S ORPHANS PICNIC.—The preparations to make this *the* picnic of the season have been nearly completed. Two committees have been most energetically at work for the past two weeks, making collections and receiving donations, and Father Kelly informs us that their labors have been so far well rewarded. Mrs. Babb, whose name is ever connected with deeds of charity is at the head of the committee of ladies, and Col. Dawson, of the gentlemen. The Asylum has been enabled by the proceeds of the oratorios, which were given for its benefit at St. Peter's, and by individual donations, to pay off some $800 of its debt, leaving only some $500 still due. When we consider that the institution has also been kept going, and is continually receiving and adding to the number of little waifs of humanity which the inscrutible designs of Providence give them as charges, we cannot but admire the management of the blessed women who have devoted their lives to a charity so noble. The Asylum receives into its sheltering arms the fatherless and motherless, not only of Catholic parentage, but all that are brought to it; for this reason it behooves all good citizens to aid it, irrespective of church and religion, and we hope to see a general turning out of the people at James' Park on the 4th of July.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

THE ARMOUR INSTITUTE.—The concert and concluding exercises of this Institute took place on the evening of the 25th inst., at the Institute building, on Madison street, and from lack of space have not been hitherto noticed. A correspondent who was present writes us as follows concerning the affair:

"The exercises were in character and kind, such as we usually have on such occasions. A noticeable feature of the evening was, the promptness, order and precision with which everything was done, showing that thoroughness had been arrived at and attained by both pupil and teacher. Misses Mattie Banks and Laura Mulholland, two very beautiful and highly accomplished young ladies, each read original essays and received the academic honors of the Institute, and were very appropriately addressed as graduates by the Rev. Dr. Witherspoon. Miss Mulholland's delivery of the valedictory was most admirable. In vocal and instrumental music Misses Banks, Drew, Mulholland, Katie and Jennie McCombs, acquitted themselves most creditably. Some humored dialogues and declamations by Masters Armstrong, Cogswell, Wolcott, Jack, Davis, Edmonds, Drew and Miss Nellie Drew, amused the audience very much. Masters Wolcott and Edmonds, two of the largest boys in the school, did themselves much credit in declamation. In short, everything by everybody, teacher, pupils, audience—was admirably conducted, and the occasion was a most pleasant one.

"E. A. W."

RICE & ENGEL are offering their present stock at a sacrifice to make room for an elegant fall stock. je27 tf

RICE, STIX & CO.'s stock of White Goods and Hosiery is complete, and is offered at less than New York cost on account of removal, previous to 1st of August. je25 1w

THE "MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK."

Its Suspension and the Alleged Causes which Led Thereto.

A Card from W. H. Cherry, Esq.

We have received and publish with pleasure the following card, from W. H. Cherry, Esq., in regard to the statement which appeared in our commercial and financial column yesterday:

MEMPHIS, TENN., June 28, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

Gents: I did not intend at present to say anything through the papers relative to the closing of the Merchants' National Bank, until such time as I could be prepared to give what I consider its condition, but after reading your article, this morning, I deem it my duty to say the statement purporting to give its condition is very erroneous. I will mention one item at present; you state we owed depositors about $200,000, instead of which when our doors were closed we owed depositors, not paid or *provided for*, less than $23,000. I was tendered the use of funds sufficient to pay every depositor, by two gentlemen who have known me intimately for years, and by another of only short acquaintance, but having understood the bank would be closed at twelve o'clock, whether we continued to pay or not, I would not accept their money.

Very Respectfully,
W. H. CHERRY.

The following is the article referred to, which appeared in our financial and commercial column of yesterday:

Rumors concerning the standing of one of our National banks have been rife in money circles for a few days back, but we refrained from noticing them, hoping that it would pull through. We are, however, now compelled to announce the suspension of the Merchants' National, which occurred to-day at noon. For some days back Gen. E. C. Wilson, United States bank examiner, has been in this city and has been investigating the affairs of the National banks. After a careful and thorough examination of the books of the Merchants' National he was requested by the Board of Directors to take charge. Of course, rumor, with its thousand tongues, has taken up the matter, and the wildest conjectures were uttered by those interested, as well as others. From all that we can learn at this early date, the failure is a bad one, and will entail heavy losses upon the stockholders and depositors. Much of the assets are made up of suspended paper. At the hour of closing, there was no cash on hand and nothing to their credit with any of their banking correspondents. Paper amounting to about $300,000 has been sent, at different times, to New York, all of which was discounted and is now coming into maturity. All of this will come back protested, and will stand against the bank as liabilities to this amount. This added to the debt due depositors, say $200,000, will make up the gross liabilities little if any less than $500,000. To offset this they will have the paper now in New York, and they still hold paper amounting to about $400,000. Of this it is hard to say how much may be collectable, but we think that twenty-five per cent. would be a liberal estimate. The bank building is worth probably $20,000, and the interest and difference between their bonds deposited in Washington and their circulation will amount to from $65,000 to $75,000. With the above data to go upon, and we are not far out of the way in our estimate, our readers can readily calculate what will be the probable loss sustained by stock holders and depositors.

POLICE ITEMS.

—There were sixteen arrests made up to eleven o'clock at Adams Street Station last night. Several of the charges were very serious, and Commissioner Burdett's court will attract a great deal of attention to-day.

—The first names on the docket of the First District, this morning, are "Bud" Patton and Hans Margium, the one charged with resisting an officer in the discharge of his duty, and the other has been "wanted" by the police for two months past. We gave in our issue of yesterday an account of the part played by these two worthies in the affair which culminated in the tragedy of yesterday morning. About five o'clock a.m. yesterday, the police visited the feed-store of Ringwald, on Poplar street, near the bayou, and on searching it found the Patton concealed in the cellar in the rear. On being arrested, Patton protested most solemnly and pertinaciously that Margium had left the city, but the very vehemence of his declarations, convinced the sharp-witted, lynx-eyed police that the game of which they were in search was "in cover" somewhere near them, and they immediately instituted a search on the premises and in the bayou, where, under the bridge, standing close to an abutment and half concealed by it, they found him. On being called on to surrender he at first refused, but seeing a six shooter leveled on him, he succumbed, and with his pal were marched to the Adams street station, where they were jugged. The case will be examined by the Commissioners to-day.

—Mary Kennedy and Mary Howard, of Happy Hollow notoriety, yesterday afternoon had a most "gorgeous set to," in which "hair, caliker and sich," suffered awfully. Mary Kennedy bunged Mary Howard's peepers, and treated her nose in such a manner as that she was likely to spill "all the blood of one of the Howard's." The little affair will be settled to day.

—There was a big free fight in Pinch last evening. Only a little scratching and chawing. Considering that there were six combatants engaged, and all from the "gem of the sea," there was no damage done except six pair of black eyes and a few handsful of hair gone.

—J. B. Folger, Esq., was knocked senseless by two unknown negroes night before last, about eleven o'clock, as he was going home, on Wellington street near the corner of Linden. His pockets were "gone through," but the scoundrels got nothing but a memorandum book.

RETURNED TO DUTY.—We were pleased to meet on the streets on Saturday and take by the hand our friend, Col. R. P. Duncan, who has just returned from a prolonged trip to Mobile, whither he had gone for the benefit of his feeble health. The pure air of our beautiful sister of the gulf, the rides upon her glorious shell road, the salty air and elegant fare of Charlie Coblenzer's Belle Vue, Gus' or John Bowzars, or Charlie Frederique's splendid fish dinners and delicious salt baths, or the delightful society of Arlington and "Uncle John Hurtel," have worked wonders, and the Colonel comes back to us rejuvenated in body and mind, and ready to go into the legal arena a new man. He will be glad to meet his old friends at his law office, No. 15 West Court street, where he is henceforth to be found in the harness again.

FIFTY pieces of White Marseilles, from auction, at a bargain, at 233 Main street. Rice & Engel. je27 tf

THE SHOOTING YESTERDAY MORNING.

Death of Gus Ringwald.

Sergeant Brown Under Arrest.

Yesterday evening, about 8 o'clock, young Ringwald, who was shot by Sergeant Brown, of the First District Metropolitan Police, night before last, died from the effects of the wound. In another place we give a statement of the arrest of the ruffians, on whose account the unfortunate youth met so early and terrible a death. We were in full possession of all the facts in this affair yesterday morning before writing our notice of it, but at the request of Sergeant Brown, and in deference to his feelings, we did not give them or his name. Ringwald, we are told, was a young man of excellent natural disposition, but of late had fallen into bad habits and bad company, and had rapidly gone the downward path. We sympathize deeply with his bereaved mother and sister, but cannot but exonerate the young and faithful police officer who killed him. Sergeant Brown was clearly in the prosecution of his duty, and therefore should not be held responsible in the matter. However, it is not for us to judge, and the Commissioner will no doubt thoroughly sift the affair this morning. Ringwald will be buried this evening at 4½ o'clock.

LAGRANGE.

The Examination Week at the Academy.

(Correspondence Memphis Appeal.]

LAGRANGE, TENN., June 25 1868.

The last week of June is always a "great time" in LaGrange, that being the week when the male and female schools close their annual sessions of ten months; always winding up each with an examination of the students, and in the case of the Female College, with the usual commencement exercises. On Wednesday the examination of the boys of the High School, for boys and young men, under the superintendence of the Rev. Leonard H. Milliken, assisted by Henry F. Scott, A. M., began and closed last night, with an oratorical exhibition by the more advanced students, at the great hall of the Female College, which had been kindly granted for the purpose. The boys, one and all, stood a most creditable examination. Indeed, I do not in the least exaggerate when I say that their recitations in public showed a degree of proficiency, and a thorough familiarity with their various studies truly remarkable, and redounding greatly to the credit and reputation of their thoroughly well qualified and most efficient teachers, Messrs. Milliken and Scott. None of their answers seemed to be "by rote," (as is too often the case), but appeared to evince a thorough acquaintance with their studies in every instance.

Last night a very large audience assembled at the Female College to witness the closing exercises—to hear the boys declaim—some of them speaking their own pieces, but most of them selections from the best specimens of American oratory, and the English classes prose and verse; all of them without exception, acquitting themselves with great credit and to the satisfaction of their many onlooking friends and relatives in the audience. Some of the little boys, some apparently not more than eight or nine years old, won great applause; and one tiny little fellow, we noticed, had a bouquet thrown to him at the close of his piece, which was quite as large as himself.

The declamation of the boys was agreeably interspersed with quite a number of pieces of music, vocal and instrumental, performed by the different members of our well known band of amateurs, both ladies and gentlemen, assisted by Professor Baldwin, a distinguished master of the violin, from New Orleans.

Altogether, LaGrange has reason to be proud of its high school for boys and young men, reason to plume itself on the possession of a pair of teachers in the persons of Messrs. Milliken and Scott, who are unquestionably quite up with their profession, and thoroughly conversant with all its best and latest "improvements." They are as well qualified to prepare boys for college as any teachers I have ever known; and if a young man wishes to complete his studies here, he can receive from them as thorough a classical education as at any college, and as thorough a scientific one too, having the peculiar facilities possessed by most colleges in the way of apparatus, cabinets, etc. P.

PERSONAL.

—The Rev. Father Powers, who for four years and a half has been in our city, and through sickness and health, through storm and sunshine, through evil and good report, has been with the parishioners of St. Peter's, left us yesterday for other fields of labor. His new charge is the "St. Clair Academy," near Sinsinawa Mound, Wis., which is said to be one of the most delightful and healthy situations in the world. Father Powers, who was worn down by his close attention to his parochial duties, needs rest and cool northern air, and though we regret to lose him, we cannot but rejoice that he has an opportunity of a change of air, and a mental and physical recuperation. Wherever he goes the prayers and best wishes of his flock will ever follow him. His place will be supplied by the Rev. Father Fortune, whom we had the pleasure of meeting yesterday, and whom we hope will receive a right hearty welcome.

—Mr. Brush, of the First National Bank, arrived in the city yesterday, from Louisville, whither he had been on a short business visit.

RICE, STIX & CO. offer their entire stock of Dress Goods at less than cost previous to the 1st of August. je25 1w

LARGE lot of Irish Linen, lower than ever offered in this market, at 233 Main street. Rice & Engel. je27 tf

THE allotted time of Dr. James' stay in Memphis having expired, he will in future be addressed at his home office, 91 and 93 Randolph street, Chicago, and postoffice address, box 5863 Chicago, Ill. See advertisement in another column, for particulars.

LOST.—On Friday, June 5th, a small nugget of native gold ore. It was in the shape of a leaf, and had been worn as a bosom pin. Having become detached from the pin, it was lost sometime during Friday. A reward will be paid for it if left at this office.

THE SONS OF TEMPERANCE are constantly increasing in number, and we know of no other reason than that the old "topers" have been using the "Great General Restorative," which creates a dislike for the use of liquors, and caused them to "line." For sale by
je21tf FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.

LARGE lot of Linen Towels, from 20 to 50 cents apiece, at 233 Main street. Rice & Engel. je27 tf

RICE, STIX & CO. offer their Housefurnishing Goods lower than they can be bought for East, on account of removal, previous to 1st of August. je25 1w

REMOVAL.—Brown & Jones have removed their coal office to 282 Main street, Bethel Block. je17 tjy1

TRIMMINGS, Buttons, Ribbons, at any price, at Rice, Stix & Co.'s closing sale. je25 1w

[Advertisement.]

GERMANTOWN, June 20, 1868.

Editors Memphis Appeal:

In my last article, I recited Rev. R. R. Evans as an indorser of my plan for the relief of the destitute; but also stated that as soon as opposition developed itself, he yielded. To this charge he took exception; and in an effort to break its force—in a last week's issue of the *Avalanche*—he appears in a card, and says, "Sometime in the latter part of January, or first part of February, I gave Rev. J. Dix Mills a letter of general character." If by this he means to say *he gave me a testimonial* of general character, his was a superfluous work, being much better known than Mr. Evans in the section I proposed to visit. Had this not been so, my church credentials would have superceded the necessity of *his giving me* such a letter. It was *a letter* given for a specific purpose. *It was an indorsement for a special work* In its own language, that "*of visiting* the *favored regions* of the North, *in order to solicit corn, meat, and other provisions* for the indigent but *industrious poor of our section* of the country." In his card he also says, "An unexpected change in the circumstances induced me to write to Mr. Mills on the 5th of March, virtually though not formally recalling my letter," (the letter above alluded to). "Mr. Mills, I think, understood it in that light." *I could not have so understood it*, unless I had thought Mr. Evans would arrogate to himself the right to withdraw, with his indorsement, that of nine other gentlemen, whose signatures were attached to another statement, written on the same sheet, with his statement of facts, and of the existence of which other statement, Mr. Evans was certainly cognizant. He refers to a "charge" which induced him to recall his letter. It could not have been in *the condition* of the destitute. His remarks since my return home forbids this construction of his language. This "unexpected" (to him) charge in the circumstances was nothing more (I think) than a development of the opposition looked for by me, and of which in his 5th of March letter he writes, "from what I learn, from remarks made, the whole scheme will be denounced." In reading this letter I did not receive the impression that he recalled the letter referred to; but did think he was preparing himself for a change of position—that the schemes promised to be unpopular *with a few*, perhaps would be denounced, and had the thought presented itself, I would not have doubted his desire to possess the letter—the written proof connecting him with the scheme. Had he have stood firm *at that particular time* upon the truth which himself had penned, "It is *such a mission as must commend itself to all good* and *benevolent minds*," and squared his words and actions, by the advice he gave me in a subsequent letter, "It certainly is a good work in which you are engaged; *be not afraid of the judgment of man*"—he could have crushed the opposition in its incipiency, (then insignificant) and thereby presented its re-enforcement by the *Avalanchean influence which destroyed* the efficiency of a plan of relief for the destitute, thought to be the best that could be devised. This three-fourths of the people in the country believe. Mr. Evans, in his card, charges me with having obtained signatures to his letter after my return home. This I deny. The letter shows for itself. To a statement signed by Capt. Woodson and others, written on the same sheet with Mr. E's letter, I obtained two signatures after my return. W. W. Bott, one of those, said he signed the paper because he saw Mr. Evans' name. This may have misled Mr. Evans, and caused him to make an erroneous statement. This gentleman appears in a card of a line and a half in the same paper with Mr. Evans', for a like reason, perhaps. Dr. McKay, the only one of my first indorsers who succumbed except Mr. E, also appears forbidding "positively" the use of his name. Why *he* has "positively" *stood on both sides* of this question, he gives no reason. He, too, may have been influenced by the force of example. The course of these gentlemen have had a tendency to make others slight their position. Nevertheless, but few comparatively have deserted us. We have many men among us who act only after mature deliberation; and then *upon their own* convictions of right, and *are found when they plave themselves* anterior to the *meetings* held, which requested and *authorized me* to act as *agent* to obtain supplies. These three gentlemen favored (?) me with their names; and now after they have been relieved of all responsibility publicly, by the getion of these meetings, why they should appear in print recalling their names I know not, unless to divert attention from the fact that Mr. Evans yielded to the opposition, and to reflect upon me for having said so. Mr. Evans did, on the 10th of May, make a formal demand for *his* letter, as he states, and *I refused to give it up*; and further, on the 11th of May I refused to give up on demand the *same document*, and which the *Avalanche* claims as "*a letter of general character* given him (Mills) last winter *by Acting Mayor McDavitt*, with the city seal attached, was annulled by Mr. McDavitt on the 11th of May." By this it would seem that Mr. McDavitt annulled *his* letter, which *shows for itself* to be an indorsement (not of me) of Rev. R. R. Evans and of J. M. Woodson and others, as gentlemen of truth. Does he by this act declare their statements not entitled to credit? Or does *he annul* the *facts* stated by them? Mr. E. claims the document in question as "a letter of general character "*he*" *gave me in February.* The *Avalanche* claims it as "a letter of general character given me last winter by Acting Mayor McDavitt." Here is a difference of opinion. Differing with both, *I will hold the letter* because it is written evidence, *proving that last winter prominent men with me indorsed the disgraceful* (!) *scheme* of trying to aid the destitute. The *Avalanche* says, "if real destitution and want had existed, the people would have been starved long before this." There is far more assumption than logic in this proposition. Death is the *worst* result that can follow real sickness—starvation the *worst* result that can follow "real destitution." That the *worst* result *must* follow as the effect of the cause in either case *is not true*; while the same reason that would induce us in the one case to seek aid, should in the other induce us to seek material aid. But, says the *Avalanche*, "some good people in Shelby county *are hard pressed.*" This is indeed true. So hard pressed some, that without meat, without *enough* bread to eat, with grass-fed and half-starved horses, they have half cultivated a half crop, the most of which must, as soon as made, go into hands of the merchants for accommodations past. Had our destitute farmers last spring received help which they would not have had to repay till after a succession of crops had been made, they would have cultivated well a full crop; and next year, instead of begging for supplies, the merchant (who says he can't help) would, perhaps, have been able to sell him some at a price minus river freight. Within this country we have the elements of life—a good soil and a disposition to work. But at present we are prostrate. This fact cannot be disguised. In my last I said I desired no controversy with the *Avalanche*. Nor do I. It has a printing-press. Its expense for printing is the same whether its columns are filled with flings at Rev. J. Dix Mills or matter more interesting to its readers. I have not the means at my command to pay for the publication of my replies to its assaults. This has been the cause of my "significant silence" alluded to by it. I think I am not afraid of the *Avalanche* —not that I am its equal in the use of language; nor that I can state a fact so well *that does not exist*; nor that I am free from defective action—no man is; but because I know it *can not sustain* against me a charge even of immoral conduct. As it has said much, I challenge it to a trial of its power before the church—the proper tribunal. It has said, "unfortunately for the Methodist church, Mills is a preacher." Of this the Church is the better judge. Yet if the author of this language is as deeply interested in the Church as his words would indicate, it is his duty (and privilege) to confront me with his charges, and to divest me, if guilty, of the title he writes with such bad grace. At an early period of this world's history, a certain individual, in disguise, appeared to a certain woman, who, affecting great interest in her welfare, induced her to eat the fruit of a certain tree with her. Adam partook, when both learned to their great sorrow that the interest was but assumed, and that their ruin was accomplished. So I think in regard to the interest manifested in the church by this editor, and that it but too truly reveals the depravity of a human heart in its efforts to degrade an office of the church by holding up to contempt, if possible, the man upon whom the church bestows it. Not long since the *Avalanche* came out in a *long* editorial, with a heading in *big, black* capitals, "A few words about Rev. J. Dix Mills," in which it charges me with having made various assaults upon it, when in truth I had only repelled the slanders uttered against me through its columns. Fearing its "pets" would not fare so well in my hands, it "saw fit to spare" its "readers further infliction," and "declined to accept any more communications" from me, but admitted those from the other side free of cost," and thinking that three was not enough against one, *it* reinforced the other side, and came down on me *like an avalanche*, and has been following me up since, and this last, long chapter, this "conglomerated" mass of "stuff," this mixture of "Methodist church," "Mike McCoole," "minister of the gospel" and "dish-water," it says, is but a "*mild* response," a gentle reproof for my temerity, and if I do not seek shelter in retreat, it intimates that *this* is but the muttering of distant thunder, which will develop itself in the *Avalanchian* storm of thunder and lightning, of hail-stones and coals of fire, which, if I pass through with reason unimpaired, I "will remember," for, say they, "We have the documents" to make you remember. Such insinuations are mean and contemptible, coming from the *Avalanche*, or any other source, while they who descend so low as to adopt this mode of attack, upon the reputation of a man, give unmistakable evidence of their want of capacity to establish charges.

If the *Avalanche*, which began the controversy, desires (which the *number* of its editorials do not indicate) "to spare" its "readers a further infliction" of a matter that cannot interest them, it can do it, and any charges it may have I will meet before the church, the craft or a court of law. My time can be more profitably and pleasantly employed than in a newspaper controversy. Yet, If the *Avalanche* is determined to pursue me with its avenging wrath, I think it in honor bound to give place in its columns *free of cost* to what I may have to say. Why sentence of death should not be pronounced against me, and if it does, I will obligate myself in the use of language, though I may become "decidedly warm," in a denunciation of slander and its author, to keep as far remote from such language as "would come with appropriateness from Joe Coburn or Mike McCoole," as *that frequently found in the vocabulary of the Avalanche.*

J. DIX MILLS.

DON'T forget that our sale at cost for Boots and Shoes and Hats still continues at our old stand, 279 Main street.
J. T. HANDLAN & CO.

LADIES' and children's Hose and Gloves; also goods for men's wear, at any price, to run our retail stock off before the 1st of August. Rice, Stix & Co.
Je25 1w

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.—By a general request, a mass meeting of the Democrats of Shelby county is hereby called to assemble at the Exchange Building on Wednesday evening at eight o'clock, for the purpose of preparing for the ensuing campaign and effecting a thorough organization. I am authorized to say that the Hon. Albert Pike, Col. W. T. Avery, Gen. Chalmers and other distinguished speakers will be present and address the meeting.

By order, etc, M. D. L. STEWART,
Chairman.

"MERCHANTS."—Ice cold Ale and Porter, on draught, 10 cents; Ice cold "Half and Half," 10 cents; straights and mixed drinks, 15 cents. Try it, at the "Merchants'," northeast corner Main and Madison streets.

EXTENSIVE arrangements have been perfected for the manufacture of the Great General Restorative, and after tomorrow it will be found in all the principal Drug Houses of the city at wholesale and retail.
FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,
je28 3t General Agents, 209 Main street.

TWO HUNDRED dozen Mens' British half hose, from bankrupt sales, at a bargain, 233 Main street. Rice & Engel.
je27 tf

FIVE hundred pairs of Linen and Cottonade Pants, at $1 25 per pair, at 233 Main street. Rice & Engel.
je27 tf

PLEASE remember that the next thirty days are your only chance to buy bargains at closing sale of Dry Goods of Rice, Stix & Co. je25 1w

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Dutcher's Lightning Fly-Killer.—Cheap and destructive. Every sheet will kill a quart. Don't be pestered with flies. Give them the SHEET LIGHTNING and rest in peace. Ask for DUTCHER'S, and take no other.
Sold everywhere. je14 dawlm

Dr. Mortimore at Buena Vista Springs, Russellville, Kentucky.

BUENA VISTA SPRINGS, RUSSELLVILLE, Logan county, Ky.—My friends in the South who desire to consult or place themselves under my treatment, can address or come and consult me personally from this date until 1st of October next, at this favorite Watering Place, and these Springs, especially to *Diseases of the Lungs* and Organs of the Chest, as also all the various afflictive forms of FEMALE DISEASES.
je9 d&wsw2m D. MORTIMORE, M. D.

Early Marriages.—Dr. Franklin advocated Early Marriages. Essays for Young Men, on this and other subjects, being a GUIDE TO MARRIAGE and Conjugal Felicity, by benevolent Physicians, sent by mail, in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P., Philadelphia, Pa.
ma31 1m

RIVER MATTERS.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

LOUISVILLE, June 28.—Arrived, John Kilgour, from New Orleans. Departed, Richmond, for New Orleans, with a fair trip, and J. H. Groesbeck.

CINCINNATI, June 28.—River falling, with four feet six inches water in the canal. Weather warm and clear. River 9 feet in the channel and falling.

CAIRO, June 28.—Passed up: David Watts, at 11 p.m.; Sam J. Hale, at 6 a.m; Commonwealth, at 2 p.m.; Rebecca, at 6 p.m. Passed down: Collier, at 4 p.m. River has fallen 8 inches in past twenty-four hours.

ST. LOUIS, June 28.—Arrived, Marble City, from Memphis. River still rising slowly.

MEMPHIS, June 29.—Yesterday was clear and hot. The river is rising slowly at this point, and has again covered the sand bars which were visible only a few days ago

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1868.

LODGES.

ANGERONA, No. 158. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. B. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 289. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, corner Madison and Second. Moses Sedig, W. M.; C. Curtis, Sec.

HAMILTON, No. 293. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. H. J. Lynn, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 961. Meets 4th Friday of each month—at South Memphis Hall, corner of Madison and Second. George Meilersh, 32d.'. W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d.'. Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; B. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

UREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggin, Rec.

A.'. AND A.'. SCOTTISH RITE.

204 *Front Street.*

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G.'. M.'.; Charles W. Carroll, 14th, Sec.'.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Wednesday of each month. George Meilersh, 32d, G.'. M.'.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.'.

CASIPHIA Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d, Treasu.'.; ——, Sec.'.

CALVARY CHAPTER of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M.'. W.'.; M. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.'.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSEIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.'.; William Y. Cirode, 32d, Rec.'.

CONSISTORY OF WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 33d., Comm.'. in Chief; Dodge C. Trader, 32d, Reg.'.

I. O. O. F.

GAYOSO ENCAMPMENT, No. 3. I. O. O. F. Meets on the 1st and 3d Thursday nights of each month. Geo. Meilersh, C. P.; Thomas Bacon, Scribe. jed

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

B. C. BROWN. O. P. LYLES

BROWN & LYLES,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

OFFICE—Corner Main and Madison Streets, Over Commercial Bank.

☞ Entrance on Madison Street. je6 1m

MARLAND L. PERKINS,

Attorney at Law

—AND—

SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,

Rooms 5 & 6 Knickerbocker Building,

16 MADISON STREET, : MEMPHIS, TENN.

☞ Special attention given to Internal Revenue and Admiral.y cases. ma24

H. C. MOORMAN,

Attorney at Law,

SOMERVILLE, TENN.

☞ Prompt attention given to the Collection of Debts in Fayette and Hardeman counties. ap18 2m

JOHN HALLUM, J. R. CHALMERS, T. R. TURLEY

HALLUM, CHALMERS & TURLEY,

Attorneys at Law,

MADAM VINCENT'S BUILDING, East Side Court Square, Memphis, Tenn.

feb11 6m

WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, McKISICK & WRIGHT,

Attorneys at Law,

IN the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 298 Main st., Memphis.

L. H. PIKE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

—AND—

Solicitor in Chancery,

Little Rock, - - Arkansas.

Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly attended to. mh8 1f

Architect and Engineer.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to designing Fr ans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patrons' interest as though for the City's interest while City Engineer.

OFFICE—Stillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.

J. H. McCLURE,
Architect and Engineer.

UNDERTAKERS.

OWEN SMITH,

FUNERAL UNDERTAKER. COFFINS AND Shrouds of all descriptions constantly on hand. Orders for funerals promptly attended to at all Cemeteries. No. 248 Second street, corner Gayoso, Memphis, Tenn. Fine private carria es furnished for family use. jel2 1m

J. B. McCAFFREY. W. R. CORNELIUS.

McCAFFREY & CORNELIUS

UNDERTAKERS

—AND—

EMBALMERS OF THE DEAD,

No 300 Second Street,

Near Monroe.

Memphis, - - Tennessee,

METALLIC Cases and Caskets and Wooden Coffins constantly on hand. ja9

Buck Eye Salve,

A Certain Cure for Piles.

W. B. WIGGS & CO., Proprietors,

MEMPHIS, TENN.

Non-Resident Notice.

In the Circuit Court of Shelby County.

J. S. Harvey vs. C. S. Morrison.

IT appearing from affidavit in this cause that the defendant, C. S. Morrison has removed from the State of Tennessee so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him; It is therefore ordered that he make his appearance herein, at the Courthouse in the city of Memphis, Tennessee, within the first three days of the Circuit Court, to be held at the Courthouse on the fourth Monday in May, 1868, and plead, answer or demur to complainant's bill, or the same will be taken for confessed as to him and set for hearing ex parte, and that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in the Memphis Post.

A copy—Attest:

M. D. L. STEWART, Clerk.

Haynes, Stockton & Haynes, Solicitors for Complainant. ap2 law6w

BANKRUPT SALE.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Benjamin Boxhorn, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy.

THE undersigned, assignees of the estate of B njamin Boxhorn, Bankrupt will sell, at public auction, at the store, 254 Front street, Memphis, on THURSDAY, June 9, 1868, the stock of Clothing, Furnishing Goods, etc., now in said store. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock a.m. Goods to be delivered immediately, and a deposit in cash to be made on bidding off goods.

OSCAR WOOLDRIDGE,
WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignees.

Memphis, May 27, 1868. ma27 td

TAKEN UP.—LARGE CHESTNUT SORREL HORSE, branded with letter H on right fore shoulder, and blaze face, white right hind foot. The owner can obtain same by proving property, and applying to

STEPHEN STEEL,
je6 3w* At Capt. Tobin's Cotton Shed.

NEW YORK CARDS.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS,

DAIRYMEN, FARMERS,

AND OTHERS

CONSIGN YOUR

Ashes, Beeswax, Beans,

Butter, Cheese, Eggs,

Flour and Meal,

Flax, Cotton,

Furs and Skins,

Dried and Green Fruits,

Grain, Wool, Game,

Poultry, Naval Stores,

Hops, Ginseng, Feathers,

Hemp, Provisions,

Oil, Lard, Tallow

Tobacco, Seeds, Sorghum,

Molasses, Etc., Etc.,

—TO—

JOSIAH CARPENTER'

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANT,

442 Washington Street,

NEW YORK CITY,

And receive his weekly PRICE CURRENT of Produce and Groceries, the most complete Price Current published in the United States.

SEND FOR A PRICE CURRENT

Marking Plates and Cards Furnished Free

THE

BOARDMAN, GRAY & CO.

PIANO-FORTES.

WHOLESALE AGENCY.

THE subscriber, late a member of this well known firm, has established a Wholesale Agency,

783 Broadway, New York City,

Opposite A. T. Stewart's Dry Goods Palace, corner Tenth street.

Where he will be pleased to receive the orders of his friends and public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these superior instruments to the trade, Wholesale and Retail, at the very Lowest Prices, made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have overstrung Scales, giving in connection with the patent iron rim and frame, Full, Round, Powerful and even Mellow Tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance and easily and safely handled.

☞ Warranted to prove satisfactory, or the money returned.

Address all orders to

Siberia Ott,
je6 daw10m 783 Broadway, New York.

Our Latest Improved

NEW SCALE PIANO-FORTE.

GROVESTEEN & CO.,

499 Broadway, N. Y.,

THESE instruments, after the most flattering testimonials from the first Pianists in the country, who, at our solicitation, have tested them in the severest manner possible, have been pronounced THE FINEST SQUARE PIANO-FORTE MADE IN THE WORLD.

It has always been our policy, during the *thirty-six* years that we have manufactured Pianos, *twelve thousand* of which are now in use in the United States and Europe, to give the finest instrument at the lowest cost. Our superior facilities enable us to offer them from one to three hundred dollars less than any other First Class House.

The tone of these instruments are remarkable for their peculiar Sweetness and Great Brilliancy, never losing their quality when forced to their utmost capacity. The lower register retaining its poetiveness, does not destroy the middle and upper registers by mingling with them in disagreeable confusion, the refined beauty of tone being equally delightful to the unpracticed and to the most cultivated ear.

They are an entirely new style of Piano, finished in the most superb manner, *with four full round corners front and back*, heavily carved legs and Lyre serpentine Base richly moulded, and each Instrument is fully warranted for five years. se3 6 dwly

TERWILLIGER & CO.,

Manufacturers of the Improved Triple Flange

Fire and Burglar Proof

SAFES,

With Combination and Powder-Proof Locks. Warranted free from Dampness.

Manufactory, 180 to 192 West Houston St., Depot, 109 Maiden Lane, near Pearl St., se5 daw10m NEW YORK.

MAYDWELL & ANDERSON,

MARBLE WORKS.

No. 59 Union Street,

Between Second and Third.

WASH. S. TAYLOR. W. L. RADFORD. W. E. MCGUIRE

TAYLOR, RADFORD & CO.,

(Successors to Taylor, Cole & Co.),

Cotton Factors

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

No. 11 Monroe Street,

Between Main and Front,

COOPER BLOCK, : : MEMPHIS, TENN.

je13 1f

THE COLLIER WHITE LEAD & OIL COMPANY
ESTABLISHED 1837. INCORPORATED 1851.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

THOMAS RICHESON.....PRESIDENT
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COLLIER COMPANY'S MANUFACTURES

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Memphis and Mississippi Valley

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W. H. ANDREWS,

Removed to No. 280 Front street, Two Doors above Old Stand,

GENERAL GROCERY & COMMISSION MERCHANT.

ESPECIAL attention to consignments of all kinds. Large stock of Plantation Supplies always on hand, at lowest prices. Terms strictly cash. mh28 1f

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE PASCHALL HOUSE ASSOCIATION

OF ST. LOUIS, MO.

$500,000 IN PRIZES!

NUMBER OF PRIZES, FIVE HUNDRED

Price of Certificates, $5 Each

Splendid Fortunes for Somebody

Awarding of Prizes on July 1st

—AT—

MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL,

ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

First Prize,

The PASCHALL HOUSE, corner Fifth and Walnut streets, St. Louis, Mo.; Lot 97 feet front by 127 deep, has four stories, sixty fine rooms; also, five elegant stores. These, together with the Hotel, are bringing a rent of $18,000 per annum. This magnificent house, with furniture complete, is

VALUED AT.....$280,000

Second Prize,

An elegant Three-story Double Brick Residence, with three and a half acres of ground, in the city of Memphis, Tenn., one mile from Court Square. House splendidly finished, with all modern improvements. Ground is finely laid out with shrubbery, etc. Pineapples, outbuildings, etc.; all in complete order, and

VALUED AT.....$60,000

Third Prize.

A handsome Three-story Brick Residence No. 515 Chestnut street, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets, St. Louis, Mo., containing twelve rooms, elegantly finished throughout, with all modern improvements complete; Lot 21½ by 109½ feet deep,

VALUED AT.....$18,000

Fourth Prize.

The fine Mansion of the late Judge R. W. Wells, Jefferson City, Missouri. Two-story brick and frame, fifteen elegant rooms, and finished throughout with all modern improvements; Lot 135 feet front on High street by 200 feet deep. Grounds finely laid out, terraced, flower beds, etc.

VALUED AT.....$18,000

Six More Prizes.

Consisting of fine Brick Residences in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, situated Nos. 726 South Eight street, 730 South Eight street, 1427 Morgan street, 1412 Morgan street, 714 and 716 Chouteau avenue.

VALUED AT.....$79,000

250 Prizes

From the firm of BOOGHER BROTHERS, Watchmakers and Jewelers, No. 106 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel, where samples of the goods may be seen, consisting of one elegant solid Silver Service, worth $1,000; Solid Silver Goblets, United Tea Sets, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Gold Watches, French Mantel Clocks, Fancy Silver Pieces, Fine Jewelry, etc.

ALL VALUED AT.....$15,000

120 Prizes

In Fine Sewing Machines, of various patterns ranging in prices from $65 to $150, of the best manufacture, and

VALUED AT.....$10,000

100 Prizes in Cash.

$100 EACH.....$10,000

20 Prizes of Fine Pianos

From the St. Louis Piano Manufactory, ranging in price from $650 to $850 each. Samples can be seen at the rooms of the company, corner of Fifth and Walnut streets, under the Paschall House.

VALUED AT.....$10,000

MAKING IN ALL

500 SPLENDID PRIZES

Ranging from $20 to $280,000 each, and

VALUED AT $500,000.

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS

Will be Donated to the Orphans of St. Louis, Missouri.

DETAILS OF THE DRAWING:

A suitable Committee of Responsible Gentlemen will be selected to conduct the drawing and awarding of the prizes, on the day appointed, at MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL, on the following plan:

One hundred thousand numbers, representing the Certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and five hundred tickets, inscribed with the names of the prizes, to-wit: "Paschall House," etc., will be placed in another. From these wheels a number and a prize will be drawn at the same time, and the number drawn will name the prize drawn with it.

The prizes will be ready for delivery upon the result of the award being known, and the persons by whom the ten real estate prizes are drawn, will receive deeds to the same, with title clear and unencumbered.

All money received upon the sale of these Certificates will be placed in responsible banking houses of St. Louis, Missouri, where it will remain, to the credit of the Association, until after the drawing takes place.

References given by Permission:

Aull, Pollard & Reulck, Bankers, St. Louis.
Daniel M. Taylor, ex Mayor of St. Louis.
Butchers' and Drovers' Bank, St. Louis.
Peoples' Savings Association.
Edward S. Plumer, Memphis, Tenn.
Boatmen's Savings Institution, St. Louis, Mo.
John H. Andrews, ex-Sheriff of St. Louis county, Mo.
Lavelle, Wagner & Co., proprietors Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Mo.
Jules Valle, of the firm of Chouteau, Harrison & Valle.
Krastus Wells, President Accommodation Bank, Ste Kostes.
Hon. William Taussig.
Charles F. Meyer.
A. Kriesheimer, President City Council.
Joseph Deggendorf, City Comptroller.
G. W. Dreyer.

No person will be authorized to sell Certificates for the Association, or be recognized as an agent, unless holding a certificate to that effect from the Manager of the Association.

NOTICE.

Persons ordering Certificates by mail can send greenbacks to the amount of ten dollars in registered letters, and postoffice or other drafts, payable to our order, for larger amounts, at our risk, with address of town, county and state carefully written.

Certificates may be had at the office of the Manager, 416, Walnut street, and of the following agents: Alex. Kelsey, proprietor of the Paschall House; John King, 114 North Fourth street; Planters' House Saloon; Boogher Brothers, jewelers, 106 South Fifth street, under the Southern Hotel; C. M. Caswell, Cigar Store, corner Fourth and Walnut street; Torrey's Bookstore, 19 North Fourth street, oppo ite the Court House; W. H. Tilford, Photographic Goods, 17 North Fourth street; B. D. Adams, Southern Hotel Saloon; J. H. Cook, News Stand, Southern Hotel; M. B. Syford, News Stand, St. Nicholas Hotel; G. B. Wintle, Bookstore, 410 Washington avenue.

☞ All orders for Certificates and communications should be addressed to

PHILIP S. LANHAM, Manager,

No. 416 Walnut Street,

Under Southern Hotel, St. Louis, Missouri.

J. A. COPELAND, Secretary.

☞ TICKETS CAN BE HAD OF

E. L. PLUMMER,

No. 212 Front St., Memphis, Tenn.,

And by H. A. LITTLETON,
jel1 W. E. PASSMORE.

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY PPEAL,
MEMPHIS, June 27, 1868.

Gold in New York opened at 140⅞c and declined to 140⅛c at the close. Our brokers report an increase in the amounts presented for sale, with no counter demand. Buying at 138½ to 139c; selling at 139½ to 140c.

Old Tennessee bonds in New York today were quoted at 76; new, 74½c.

In bonds and stocks there was nothing doing to-day. The feeling existing in money circles was such as to put a stop to all transactions of this nature. We quote, therefore, as on yesterday. Memphis and Charleston Railroad stock, 56c; Memphis and Little Rock bonds, 42 to 44c. Memphis and Ohio Railroad stock, 10c; 1st mortgage bonds 10s, 30c; 2d mortgage bonds 6s, 20c; Mississippi Central Railroad bonds, 1st mortgage, 57 to 58c; 2d mortgage, 40 to 41c; Mississippi and Tennessee, 1st mortgage, 50c; 2d mortgage, 33c.

The same causes which operated upon bonds effected City Scrip. The transactions for the day were confined to a few small lots, which were taken by dealers at prices ranging from 75 to 77c. Only a few brokers are buying, deeming it prudent to keep all their assets, as far as possible, in currency, until the excitement upon the street is allayed. City bonds are firm at 55c.

County Warrants are dull. We quote nominally at 60c buying; selling at 65c.

Police Scrip quiet. Buying at 80c; selling at 85c.

Cotton was firm in Liverpool at the opening to-day—Uplands, 11½ to 11¾; Orleans, 11½ to 11¾d. It remains quiet throughout, with prices unchanged; sales 10,000 bales. In New York at the opening cotton was very firm; sales of 300 bales Low Middlings at 29½ to 30c; Middlings, 31½c; Orleans, 32c; Good Middlings, 32¾c. Holders were asking higher rates. At noon there was a moderate demand and prices firm, and at the close was quiet but steady—Uplands, 31¾c; sales 800 bales; week's sales 13,000 bales; week's receipts, 4135; exports 860; stock 54,000; receipts during the week at all United States ports 3000 bales. Our market was firm during the day, but we could learn of no sales. Buyers offering 29c and holders asking 30c for Middlings. At the offering rate Western spinners' agents would have taken all upon the market. Quotations are entirely nominal.

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
MEMPHIS, June 27, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867		1,080
Received to-day	6	
Received previously	252,835	252,841
		253,921
Exported to-day	93	
Exported previously	253,354	253,474
Stock on hand		447
Received this week		133
Exported "		417

The general markets were quiet during the day. Wheat is in good demand, with rather light receipts. Among the sales reported was 66 sacks No. 2 at $1 75; 24 do at $1 75; 25 do at $1 80. A Pittsburg buyer has orders to fill at $2, and will take all the choice offered at that price. The Poplar street mills are now at work, and besides paying the full market price for wheat, are turning out flour not surpassed in any market. Mess Pork is firm at $29 00 to 29 50 for full weight. Light weight Pork finds no favor, and the stock will not, we think, be renewed. Prime Mess $26 00 to 26 50. Jowls scarce at $19 00 to 20 00. Rump, $25 00 to 26 00. Clear Bacon Sides, 17; 17½c; Clear Rib, 17c; Rib, 16½c; Shoulders, 13½ to 14c; country cut meats about ½c lower; plain Sugar Cured Hams, 18 to 19; plain smoked, 17 to 18c; Sugar Cured Canvassed, 20 to 21c. Lard is steady at 18½ to 19c in tierces; kegs, 20 to 21c. Corn is dull; we quote on levee at 90 to 92c; from store, 97c to $1 00. Oats is in small way, 77 to 78c. 50 sacks sold on landing at 75c. Bran, dull at $28 in lots and $30 from store. Hay dull; selling at $16 to 17 on levee by the ton; 600 bales choice were taken at $14 50. Cornmeal steady; fresh sells at $4 25 to 4 50 from levee and store; kilndried, $4 50 to 4 75. Old chickens, $4 50 to 4 75; young, $8 to 4. Eggs are firm at 15c. Flour is quiet and weak; Superfine, $7 50 to 8 50; X, $9 00 to 9 50; XX, $10 to 11; XXX, $12 to 13; Fancy Brands, $14 00 to 14 50. New Potatoes are in good demand at 75c to $1 per bushel and $2 to 2 50 per barrel. Butter is in fair demand at 25 to 30c for choice country and Western. Cheese dull—prices range from 13½ to 17c for good. Coffee is quiet, with fair stock; Rio, 21 to 26½c; Java, 38 to 42c. Molasses firm; Sugarhouse, in barrels, 65c to 90c; half barrels, 80c to $1 00; kegs, $10 to 10 50. New Onions, scarce at $6 to 6 50 per barrel. Salt steady; barrels, $3 00; sacks, $2 75 to 3; Dairy Salt per barrel, $4 00. Tar in kegs per dozen, $6 to 6 50. Sugar firm; prime to choice Louisiana, 12 to 18½; fair, 14 to 15c; Island Sugars, 13 to 16c. Tobacco—logs to common, 5 to 12c; selections, 18 to 20c; fancy work natural leaf, $1 00 to $1 25; bright pounds fancy, $1 to $1 25; medium, 80c to $1; common, 60 to 75c; smoking, fine and fancy, $1 to $1 25; common, 35 to 75c. Whisky is dull at $1 60 to $2 25 for common.

There is very little if any change in the stock market. Beef cattle are firm at 7 to 8c for No. 1; inferior, 3 to 5c. Sheep, $2 50 to 5 00 per head, as to quality. Hogs, 4½ to 5½c, with fair demand.

BANKRUPT'S SALE

At the Store, No. 195 Main St.,

Of Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumery, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass and Glassware, Fancy Articles, Druggists' and Grocers' Sundries,

AT private sale, for 30 days, at the lowest New York net cash prices, by order of the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee, in the matter of P. I. Huette & Co., in Bankruptcy. The goods are all fresh and in the best order, and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers for cash only. The especial attention of Dealers and Druggists is called to examine, this stock, as no such inducements have been offered to this public before.

No Packages broken and no reclamation allowed after the delivery of goods from store

A Catalogue of the stock can be had by applying at the store No. 195 Main street.

All orders to be addressed to

WM. A. TYLER,
Of P. I. Huette & Co., Bankrupts.
MEMPHIS, June 10, 1868. je11 1f

Commissioner's Sale.

UNDER and by virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court of Hinds county, Mississippi, for the first district of said county, rendered at the May Term, 1868, in the case of W. P. Jarnagin et al. vs. Anu W. Simms, Adm'x of J. T. Simms, deceased, I, the undersigned, Sheriff of Coahoma county, appointed special Commissioner by said decree, will,

On the 30th Day of July, 1868,

At the Courthouse of Coahoma county, sell at public outcry to the highest bidder, for cash, a tract of land in said county of Coahoma, Mississippi, described as follows: It is the east half section 22; the west half and the west half of the east half of section 14; the north half northeast quarter of section 27; north half northwest quarter of section 26; the northeast quarter of northeast quarter of section 29; east half southeast quarter of section 18—all in township 29, range 8 west, being the plantation formerly cultivated by J. T. Simms. FRANKS. HOLCHER,
Sheriff of Coahoma County.
And Commissioner.

je28 law4w

WM. E. YEATMAN,

General Commission Merchant,

No. 11 Monroe Street.

FLOUR, KILNDRIED AND FRESH BOLTED Nashville Mills Cornmeal, Tennessee Corn, Smoking and Manufactured Tobacco, Canned, Cove and Spiced Oysters, Lobsters, Pine Apples, Cherries, Strawberries, Pears, Blackberries, Green Peas, Green Corn, Damsons and Peaches, for sale, to the trade. ma24 1m

TOBACCO AND CIGARS

THURMOND,

FOSTER & CO.,

TOBACCO FACTORS

AND GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

7 Monroe street.

ja30

C. W. LEWIS. C. T. GEOGHEGAN.

LEWIS & GEOGHEGAN,

GROCERS,

Cotton Factors

AND GENERAL

Commission Merchants,

GREENVILLE, MISS.

☞ Liberal Cash advances on all Consignments of Cotton and Produce. feb25 6m

The Great General Restorative

ONLY needs to be mentioned to receive the approving voice of every user. It is now the most popular among all invigorators. You have ten gallons in one bottle of that which will make you young. Keep your system above all tendencies to disease, as well as overcome the worst diseases of the country. It should be in every house and taken every day at this season of the year.

FORSTER, KEALHOFER & CO.,
General Agents,
209 Main Street.

Can be had at all first-class Druggists. je12 1m

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By-Laws'
By-Laws,
Pamphlets,
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Books of all Kinds,
Books of all Kinds,

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It appearing to the Court, by affidavit filed in pursuance of the rule of Court, that Thomas James R. Branch, of the State of Virginia; William Dougherty, John A. James, William G. Peters, Clinton J. Brooks, Miles Dobbins, Lemuel P. Grant, Lewis J. Dupree, Thomas H. Clarke, Benjamin C. Yancey, James S. Hamilton, Stevens Thomas, Albin F. Dearing, Young L. G. Harris, Robert Thomas, Benjamin F. Hardeman, Milledge Murphey, William Cline, Charles G. Hillman, Andrew J. Cheney, John C. Lee, Willis Kilgore, John Carter, William H. Murphy, Jasper N. Pitman, John W. Ewart, all of different counties in the State of Georgia, other than Richmond county; Thomas J. Meckle, of South Carolina; Robert A. Wash, of Missouri; William B Shappard, of Alabama; John Ramage and Hugh McRae, of Tennessee; John D. O'Leary, of Kentucky, and Benjamin F. Allen, of Iowa or Wisconsin; reside out of the county of Richmond, in which the above cause, which has been filed in the Clerk's office of this Court, returnable to June Term, 1868, of said Court, has originated: It is therefore ordered that a copy of this order be served upon the said defendants, or published once a week for six weeks in some paper gazette now believed to be THE LEADING SCHOOL in the State of Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia, Missouri, Iowa or Wisconsin, or an acknowledgment of service be obtained from said defendants, and that the said defendants do then appear and answer said bill at the said June Term, 1868, of this Court, or in default thereof, that said bill be taken as confessed against said defendants, and that said cause do then proceed without them.

GEORGIA, RICHMOND COUNTY.

Clerk's office, Superior Court:

I, Lafayette McLaws, Clerk of said Court, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the order of said Court in the case stated, as recorded February 19, 1868, upon the Minutes of the Court folio (625